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# The Times

CALIFORNIA STATE

XXVIII<sup>TH</sup> YEAR.

SINGLE PART—SIXTEEN PAGES; PRICE 3 CENTS

FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 1, 1899.

108 STREETS AND TRAINS AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES 5 CENTS

## THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

**LOS ANGELES THEATER**—C. M. WOOD, Lessee.  
—Tonight, Tomorrow Matinee and Night—  
Return of last season's great laugh compeller, Broadhurst's Glorious Platitude—  
"WHY SMITH LEFT HOME." Second Anglo-American Success  
BIG BARGAIN MATINEE SATURDAY—Prices 25c and 50c. A Great Comedy Cast. Seats now on sale—Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Phone Main 70.

## NEXT ATTRACTION—

ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, DEC. 4. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.  
Engagement of the  
Eminent Actor  
**MR. FREDERICK WARDE,**  
Together with MR. and MRS. CLARENCE M. BRUNE, supported by the best company obtainable, in a repertoire of Romantic and Classic Dramas.

Monday and Thursday nights, "THE LION'S MOUTH." Tuesday and Friday nights, "FORTUNE'S FOOL." Wednesday matinee, "MERCHANT OF VENICE." Wednesday night and Saturday matinee, "ROMEO AND JULIET." Saturday night, "RICHARD III." Grand scenic productions, historically correct. "The strongest company since the famous Booth and Barrett combination." New Orleans Picaresque. Seats on sale today—Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Phone Main 70.

**LOS ANGELES THEATER**—C. M. WOOD, Lessee.  
—TODAY at 3 p.m.—  
FIRST CONCERT OF THE SEASON 1899-1900.

**Los Angeles Symphony Orchestra,**  
HARLEY HAMILTON, Director. Holders of Season Tickets Exchange Coupons for Reserved Seats. Seats now on sale—Prices 25c, 50c and 75c. Phone Main 70.

**HAZARD'S PAVILION**—C. M. WOOD, Lessee.  
The Big Rag-time sensation from the East.  
"The Hottest Coon in Dixie."

4 Big Rag-time Nights commencing Sunday, Dec. 3  
The best colored show in the world.  
30 artists of the race.  
Sale of seats opens Friday, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. at Hazard Pavilion. Prices 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

**MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER**—OLIVER MOROSCO, Lessee and Manager.  
Matinee Tomorrow—Saturday—Tomorrow  
And all this week: HARRY CORSON CLARKE in Broadhurst's funniest,  
"What Happened to Jones."

Next Sunday night, engagement of the famous young Tragedienne,  
**NANCE O'NEIL.**

McKee Rankin, Clay Clement, Barton Hill, and the best company now traveling. Sunday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights, and Saturday matinee, "MAGDA." Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights, "PEG WOFFINGTON." Prices during this engagement, or any other, always the same—15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

**ORPHEUM**—A CONSTELLATION OF GREAT VAUDEVILLE STARS!  
MARGUERITE CORNILLE, the Lyric Venus, the Parisian Beauty, Ryan and Fitchfield, in "The Headless Man." Prof. Burton's marvelous trick dogs; Cherish Simpson, musical comedienne; Jerome and Alexis, "The Frog and the Crocodile." Leo Clarke, lightning change artist; Goggin and Davis, funny acrobats; Baby Ruth Roland, singer and dancer. PRICES NEVER CHANGING—Best reserved seats down stairs, 25c and 50c; entire balcony, 25c; gallery, 10c. Matinee Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, any seat 25c. Children, any seat, 10c. Tel. Main 1447.

**AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS**  
With Dates of Events.

**SIMPSON AUDITORIUM**—Management J. T. Fitzgerald.  
**THE**  
**..CREATION..**  
TO BE REPEATED NEXT  
**Tuesday Evening, Dec. 5th.**

Nearly 1000 people turned away from Fitzgerald's and Auditorium last Tuesday. There are, in order to accommodate the disappointed, the oratorio will be reproduced next Tuesday Evening, Dec. 5, by the same soloists, chorus and orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. F. A. Bacon.

Reserved seats now on sale at Fitzgerald's—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

**INDOOR SAUCER TRACK**—  
**Main and Tenth Streets.**

Thousands turned away, and a good night of sport. Better coming. Our apologies to the public for the gap in the road. Next meet postponed to Thursday night, Dec. 7, to that everything will be right. In spite of the huge success the admission is still 25c.

**OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA**—  
ONE HUNDRED GIANT BIRDS.  
Tips, Plumes, Boas and Capes at Producers' Prices. No agency in Los Angeles.

**COMING TO LOS ANGELES**—VLADIMIR DE BOCHMAN.  
The Great Russian Pianist.  
Concert Director, F. W. BLANCHARD.

**SOCIALIST LECTURES**—  
EVERY SUNDAY EVENING AT ELKS' HALL, 231 SOUTHSpring. Seats Free.

**SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL**—  
**CALIFORNIA LIMITED**—  
**SANTA FE ROUTE.**

Lv. Los Angeles 6:00 p.m.  
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, Sunday  
Lv. Pasadena 6:25 p.m.  
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, Sunday  
Ar. Denver 8:00 p.m.  
Thursday, Saturday, Monday, Tuesday  
Ar. Kansas City 8:30 p.m.  
Friday, Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday  
Ar. Chicago 2:15 p.m.  
Friday, Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday  
Ar. New York 8:30 p.m.  
Saturday, Monday, Wednesday, Thursday  
Entirely new and luxurious equipment. Electric lighted throughout. Everything to make you comfortable and the latest time ever made.

**EXCURSIONS MT. LOWE RAILWAY**—  
FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, DEC. 1, 2, 3.  
These excursions are positively the last regular week-day excursions for this season at the lowest rate ever made. From Los Angeles to Alpine Tavern and return, including all points on Mount Lowe Railway. "FIFTY CENTS TO RUBIO CANYON" and return. Pasadena Electric Cars connecting leave 8, 9, 10 a.m., 1 and 4 p.m. All the a.m. and 1 p.m. make entire trip and return same day. Evening special will leave Echo Mountain after operation of World's Fair Search Light and large Telescope, arriving at 10:45. To make your trip complete, remain over night or longer at "Echo Mountain House," strictly first class. Rates \$2.50 and up per day, \$12.50 and up per week. Tickets and full information at office, 214 S. Spring St. Tel. Main 960.

**TO SEE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA**—  
You must go around **The Kite-Shaped Track**

The principal points of interest are on this famous line. See a new country every mile. Leave Los Angeles 8:30 a.m.; returning arrives Los Angeles 5:47 p.m., giving ample time at Redlands and Riverside for drives and sightseeing.

**STEAMSHIP AUSTRALIA**—Sails Dec. 13, for HONOLULU only.  
For rates and future sailings apply to  
HUGH B. RICE, AGT. OCEANIC S.S. CO., 220 S. Spring St. Phone Main 92.

## [THE PHILIPPINES.]

### A CLOSE CALL FOR PRISONERS.

**Narrow Escape of Lieut. Gilmore's Party.**

**Were Lined Up to Be Shot by Order of Gen. Luna.**

**Aguinaldo Interfered and Saved the Prisoners' Lives.**

**Every Member of the Command Wounded Before Capture.**

Escape of Insurgents to the North of Luzon Cut Off—Rebels in Panay Driven to the Mountains.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]  
MANILA, Dec. 1, 1:50 a.m.—[By Manila Cable.] When the landing party of the United States battleship Oregon, under Lieutenant-Commander McCrackin, took the town of Vigan, province of South Ilocos, last Sunday, they found there an escaped prisoner, A. L. Sonnenschein, who furnished the authorities the first authentic account of the experience of Lieut. James C. Gilmore and seven sailors, but contrived to escape during the hostilities about Manila to date is ninety-four, the value of which is estimated to be little short of \$25,000. The total loss to the government, considering the charter fee to the transport's owners and the cost of caring for the sick and injured and here, will not be far short of \$40,000.

**RAILROAD TO BE REBUILT.**  
[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]  
SEATTLE, Nov. 30.—Capt. K. S. Michael, U.S.V., sails on the Victoria for Manila to report to Gen. Otis for duty in rebuilding the railroad in Luzon, now in the hands of the War Department.

Two locomotives have been sent from the East to Manila, and just before Capt. Michael left Washington he purchased on government account twelve miles of heavy steel rails which will be used in rebuilding the portions of the line which were destroyed by the insurgents. Even the rails are being standardized and furnished with modern equipment.

Capt. Michael was Secretary of War Alger's master of railroad transportation at Tampa during the Spanish-American war.

**TRANSPORTS SAIL.**  
[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—The transports Dolnevostok and Columbia sailed for Manila this evening with the Forty-second Infantry on board.

**TRANSPORT MANAUENSE.**  
SEEMED FIT FOR HER VOYAGE.  
[A. P. DAY REPORT.]  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The quartermaster-general has received a detailed report by telegram from Long, in charge of the transport service at San Francisco, on the transport Manauense, which recently arrived at Manila, after undergoing frightful hardships in a Pacific typhoon. The report, which was requested because of the statements of the unfitness of the vessel for transport service, is as follows:

"SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—In reference to your telegram today, transport Manauense sailed October 15 for Manila, via Honolulu. Her capacity was twenty-eight officers and 500 enlisted men. She carried seventeen officers and 350 enlisted men. She was inspected by Capt. Metcalf, surveyor of vessels, and found to be in good condition when she left this port, both in hull and machinery. She is classed as 'A' No. 1 star on the list. She was thoroughly inspected here by Treasury Department inspection officers of hulls and boilers, who reported her in excellent condition. Official reports of these officers are on file and recorded."

"Treasury officials would not allow any unseaworthy ship, whether government or private, to leave port, without a grant of clearance; consequently expert opinion pronounced Manauense perfectly seaworthy. She was provided with all life-saving apparatus, even more than Treasury Department regulations require."

"Her crew, under ordinary circumstances, numbers thirty-two men. She carried twenty-five crew members, a crew of forty-nine men, which fully met requirements of Treasury officials. She carried fifty-five days' provisions for the crew, and was fully provisioned for crew and army officers."

"Besides, she had in her hold 900 tons measurement of bacon, flour, canned goods and other commissary supplies. The Manauense was also thoroughly inspected by Col. Garling and Major, Inspector Harnes, Marine Superintendent, and by other transport officials."

"Lieut. Col. Hayes also frequently inspected the transport prior to her departure. All expressed themselves thoroughly satisfied with every arrangement and provision made here. The ship was ready to leave at any time, and the highest known among shipping people. This in itself should be a sufficient guarantee of seaworthiness."

"The vessel made an average speed of ten knots from Honolulu to Manila. Had her machinery been seriously impaired she could not have made this trip. In the time she did, I believe, and all our officials, connected with the transport service here, concur, when the Manauense was sent, she was perfectly seaworthy and fully manned and provisioned."

Commenting on the above report, Col. Ballinger, in charge of the transport service here, said it seemed clear that the utmost vigilance had been used by every one connected with the inspection of transports at San Francisco, and as the commissary branch had also shown that care was used, such hardships as had occurred must be attributed to the elements."

(CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.)

## [DISASTER.]

### FATAL CRASH OF TRAINS.

**Wreck of a West-bound Santa Fe Flyer.**

**Collided With a Freight Train Near Albuquerque.**

**Several Trainmen and Passengers Fatally Injured.**

Many Passengers Believed to Have Been Seriously Bruised and Cut. The Accident Due to Carelessness.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]  
ALBUQUERQUE (N. M.), Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A rear-end collision between west-bound passenger train No. 2, in charge of Conductor Davenport, and a local train took place twelve miles south of here tonight, with fatal results. The names of the injured obtainable at this time are:

G. HUTCHINSON, Winslow, Ariz., badly crushed; will probably die.  
HEAD BRAKEMAN PINNEY of the freight train, caught between cars; chest and legs severely injured.

CONDUCTOR DAVENPORT, passenger train; face badly cut and bruised otherwise.  
A lady passenger, whose name cannot now be ascertained, received injuries that required immediate medical attention.

It is believed many passengers were cut and bruised, and received other injuries. On account of the lateness of the hour, full details are hard to learn. A wrecking outfit with surgeons has left here for the scene of the wreck. The telegraph operator at Isleta cannot give any definite information as to the number of persons hurt and the extent of injuries received. Physicians have not reached the destination at this writing.

The wreck was the result of utter carelessness on the part of some one. Conductor Miller contends that his train was on the main line and his flagman was posted at a distant point to warn the fast approaching passenger train that the freight was ahead. Conductor Davenport, on the other hand, avers his train was not properly flagged, and as a consequence his engineer is not responsible.

The caboose and several cars of the freight train were nearly demolished. The engine of the passenger train was crippled. The front end was knocked in and the engine is off the track. It will probably take four to six hours to clear the debris and place the engine on the track.

**Machinists' Strike Settled.**  
BUFFALO, Nov. 30.—A settlement satisfactory to both parties has been reached in the strike of the New York Central machinists at the Depew locomotive works. The concessions granted by the company to the men are in substance: Recognition of the union; recognition of the Shop Committee in the settlement of all disputes that hereafter arise, and the liberty of the shop to the business agent of the union. The men will return to work tomorrow.

**At New York Hotels.**  
NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] F. E. Reed and wife, C. W. Reed and the Misses Reed, all of Los Angeles, are at the Fifth Avenue.

## [SOUTH AFRICA.]

### SEAT OF WAR ISOLATED.

**Hardly Any News from the Firing Line.**

**Lord Methuen's Wound is Not Very Serious.**

**Lieut.-Col. Stafford's Death is Greatly Lamented.**

**Advance of British Forces from Escourt to Frere.**

Relief Column Now Within Twenty Miles of Ladysmith—The Latter Place Again Bombarded by the Boers.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]  
LONDON, Dec. 1, 4:40 a.m.—Beyond the report from Escourt, that firing was heard in the direction of Ladysmith on Monday, there is not a shred of news of any kind from the seat of war.

A semi-official statement has been issued that Lord Methuen's wound is not serious, and that he is expected to be all right in the course of a few days. It is certain, however, that the wound will prevent his being in the saddle, and there is great anxiety to know whether he will be compelled temporarily to abandon the personal direction of affairs. His next in command is Col. Colville, commanding the Guards Brigade. He has a reputation of being an excellent officer.

As men are needed in all directions, Lord Wolseley's announcement that a new division will be embarked without delay, has been received with the greatest satisfaction. The transports will soon be returning from the Cape and it is hoped that some of the men dispatched speedily. On this point the Morning Post says:

"The sooner we can make up our minds as to the magnitude of the work in hand, the sooner it will be accomplished."

Lieut.-Col. Stafford's death ends a most promising career. He was the officer mainly responsible for working out the details of the mobilization scheme.

**ADVANCE TO FRERE.**  
[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]  
ESTCOURT, Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A junction was made yesterday between the troops from Mool River and those at Estcourt, and all of the garrison moved to Frere, which is on the railway ten miles north of Estcourt. The troops bivouacked on the march across the open plains. Splendid scouting was done by the mounted infantry. There were eight breaks in the railroad line between Estcourt and Frere and some of the bridges had been destroyed.

The correspondent saw a number of Boers set to grass as a signal to their countrymen that the British were advancing. They placed a wet skin on the flames and then quickly lifted it up, causing a column of smoke to ascend. The others were then reinforced by forty men and a detachment of the Imperial Light Horse, which had been engaged with them retired. Both the Boers then reinforced the Imperial Light Horse and the Boers were driven off.

During the advance to Frere 2000 Boers were seen retreating rapidly in the direction of Colenso. The British infantry marched well, but when the men went on picket duty they were very tired. The baggage train, under Maj. Chichester, was much delayed. It was obliged to bivouac en route. The Boers fired at it, and one color-sergeant was wounded.

A Boer doctor who had lost his way, was found in camp last night. He stated that the Free State forces have suffered much less than those of the Transvaal during the war.

On the arrival of the British here it was found that the place had been disgracefully looted by the Boers. Pictures had been smashed, private letters thrown into the road and mattresses ripped up. The bridge had been blown up with Roubert's, which had been exploded by means of an electric wire. Both spans of the bridge were broken, but the masonry was intact. The British advance is now twenty miles from Ladysmith.

**DEFENSE OF KIMBERLEY.**  
TOWN HEAVILY BOMBARDED.  
[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]  
KIMBERLEY, Nov. 31 (via Klockfontein Nov. 27).—There were a few rifle shots early today from the direction of Wright's farm, but this was regarded as merely one of the numerous Boer tricks to draw our men out by inducing us to believe that the relieving forces are drawing near.

This afternoon the Boers blew up two large culverts near the rifle butts on the railway line toward Spytfontein. The news of the proximity of the relieving forces greatly cheered the garrison and the inhabitants. A few Boers were seen today, but it is believed that the enemy is in only small bands about Kimberley. Lots of fifty or so, the greater part having gone to Spytfontein, where firing is believed to have been heard about noon in a good game. Revenue-cutter McCulloch starts on a search for overdue vessels.

**General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.**  
Westbound Santa Fe flyer wrecked near Albuquerque. Ex-Gov. Hogg mentioned as a running mate for Bryan—Billy boy's vacation in Texas devoted to speech-making. Pennsylvania beats Cornell in annual football match. Wisconsin eleven defeats Michigan. Carlisle Indians beat the pale-faces. Thanksgiving observances at Washington and elsewhere. Yaqui Indians suing for peace with honor. Scapegrace son robs his father and ships with an actress. Intelligent Cubans satisfied with American conduct, B. and O. deal merely a scheme to circumvent anti-pooling law.

**By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4.**  
Close call for Lieut. Gilmore's party in the Philippines. Pany rebels defeated and driven to the mountains. Insurgents escape to northern Luzon cut off. Joseph Chamberlain makes a remarkable speech. Mourning in many noble British homes—Lord Methuen wounded. Ominous silence respecting Methuen's movements after the battle of Modder River. Besieged South African towns still standing off the Boers. Joubert reported to have retreated to Colenso. Boers use bullets furnished by Chamberlain's brother. British advance to Frere. Ambassador Choate expresses sympathy for England. Emperor William returns to Potsdam. Chicago default arraigned in London. Colombian revolt gaining in strength.

## WHITE HOUSE CALLERS.

### FERDINAND PECK INTERVIEWS THE PRESIDENT.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Ferdinand Peck, commissioner-general to the Paris Exposition, had a brief interview with President McKinley this afternoon and left at once for Chicago. The steamer Prairie will leave Baltimore and Norfolk next week for France, carrying the shipment of the government exhibit, and will return in January for another shipment.

Rt. Hon. Daniel Tallon, the Lord Mayor of Dublin, was at the White House today sightseeing, and left this afternoon for New York en route for home.

## YAQUI REBELS ARE NOW SUING FOR PEACE.

**BUT THEY WANT THEIR LANDS WITH IT.**

Col. Fenocchio Predicts That a Refusal to Treat With the Indians Will Prolong the War in Sonora Indefinitely—Yaquis are Well Armed and Have Plenty of Provisions.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]  
AUSTIN (Tex.), Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A dispatch from Chihuahua, Mex., says that Col. the former being commander of the garrison of Mexican troops at Guaymas, in the State of Sonora, arrived there today on their way to the City of Mexico. The object of their visit it is to submit to President Diaz the proposition made by the Yaqui Indians to make a truce of six years for a cessation of hostilities now existing between the Indians and the government.

The main feature of the proposition is that the Indians shall have restored to them all their original territory, embraced in the valleys of the Yaqui River and its tributaries, and a rich mineral region just west of that river. It is unlikely that President Diaz will consider the proposition favorably, for the reason that since the signing of the treaty of peace with the Indians a few years ago, valuable concessions have been made to Americans and Mexicans for rich placer mining property in the region which the Yaquis now desire to have restored to them.

Col. Fenocchio states that Yaquis are well armed and that they have sufficient provisions stored in their strongholds in the mountains to last them several years. They should run short of ammunition or food supplies, it would be an easy matter to smuggle in a new stock. He predicts that the war will be continued for an indefinite period should the proposition now being made by the Indians to lay down their arms be refused.

[Col. Fenocchio is commander of the Rurales, the frontier guard of Mexico, a body similar in organization and functions to the Rangers of Texas, and has not been engaged in the campaign on the Yaqui River, nor does he command any garrison in Guaymas. Col. Fenocchio knows the Yaquis well and doubtless, has many of them in his regiment, and it is probable that the Yaquis have appealed to him, as one whom they know and trust, to present their case to President Diaz, and get before him the truth that the Sonora authorities have labored so diligently to conceal and suppress. The Indians ask to have restored to them the land that has been appropriated by the Sonora officials and allotted to the Yaqui Indians. The concessions that are said to stand in the way are not mining concessions, but relate to large tracts of rich agricultural land. The official typewriter at Hermosillo is bragging of great victories, and declaring regularly that the marvellously valiant land-grabbers and the frontiersmen are about to win the campaign when the weather shall permit—but Col. Fenocchio seems to take little stock in the bombastic official reports.—Ed.]

**Points of the News in Today's Times.**  
[INDEX TO THE NEWS BUDGET.—Volume: Fresh A.P. Night Report and exclusive Times specials received by wire since dark last night, about 13 columns. Financial and Commercial, about 1 column. Day Report (not so fresh) about 9 columns. Aggregate, 23 columns. The Index for telegraphic and local news refers to general classification, subject and page.]

**The City—Pages 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 15.**  
Thanksgiving day in the city. Presentation of medals to volunteers. Gen. Shafter gives a Spanish cannon to Los Angeles. Native Sons' banquet. Football at Fiesta Park. Poor and hungry fed by charity. Annual street report. "Saucer" track opened. Pomona College defeats the University at football. Golf tournament on Country Club's links. Sunday-school concert. Deer meat may be dear. Man hangs himself near Garvanza. Southern California—Page 15.

Pasadena's sportive Thanksgiving day episode. Mrs. Harwood, almost a century old, dead at Ontario. Santa Monica bicyclist in trouble. Explosion at Anaheim. Interest in oil at San Pedro. Improving roads at Pomona. Well-attended union service at San Bernardino. Active operations on Santa Ana's new electric plant. Redlands shooters win a trophy at Riverside. Black brant at Coronado. Oil operators to make a test at Del Mar.

**Pacific Coast—Page 3.**  
J. J. Clayton recaptured by San Francisco detectives. Berkeley football eleven whitewashes the Stanford team. Masked men hold up a saloon crowd at Tacoma. Lightship crew saved. San Francisco may get next session of Knights of Pythias Supreme Lodge. Fire at Portland. All-California baseball nine beats Sacramento in a good game. Revenue-cutter McCulloch starts on a search for overdue vessels.

**General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.**  
Westbound Santa Fe flyer wrecked near Albuquerque. Ex-Gov. Hogg mentioned as a running mate for Bryan—Billy boy's vacation in Texas devoted to speech-making. Pennsylvania beats Cornell in annual football match. Wisconsin eleven defeats Michigan. Carlisle Indians beat the pale-faces. Thanksgiving observances at Washington and elsewhere. Yaqui Indians suing for peace with honor. Scapegrace son robs his father and ships with an actress. Intelligent Cubans satisfied with American conduct, B. and O. deal merely a scheme to circumvent anti-pooling law.

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at Oliphant's dam, with 1200 tons for water supply. The Boers have cut the existing dam three miles distant, allowing the water to run down toward their laagers into an open dry dam on the farm. This is believed to be the Free State base of operations on the western border.

The official estimate places the number of Boer shells fired during the bombardment of Kimberley at about one thousand, and ours at not less than 600. As the enemy's shells are frequently hit soft, sandy ground, the explosive effect is greatly neutralized. All our wounded are in a very satisfactory condition.

An armored train proceeded toward Drenford to reconnoiter, but this immediately roused the enemy's cordons and the train returned after the fifth shell had been fired.

The Boers are now firing on the reservoir fort from Wimbeldon.

## MOURNING IN MANY NOBLE BRITISH HOMES.

### FLOWER OF BRITISH ARISTOCRACY FALL IN BATTLE.

Lord Methuen himself wounded in the fight at Modder River—Col. Northcott Among the Slain—Maj. Count Gleichen, a Relative of the Queen, Wounded—Heavy Boer Loss.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.] LONDON, Nov. 30.—[By Atlantic Cable.] It is officially announced that Gen. Methuen was among those wounded at the battle of Modder River.

Gen. Methuen, it developed later, was slightly wounded by a bullet which inflicted a flesh wound in the thigh.

Lieut. Long of the Second Yorkshires is another officer killed.

The following officers were also wounded: Capt. Von Hugel, engineer; Lieut. Travers, Third Grenadiers; Lieut. Elwes and Hill, Second Grenadiers; Lieut. Plint, Lancashire Majs. Earl and Otley and Lieut. Fox, Second Yorkshires; Lieut. Baker-Carr and Nielson, Argyll Highlanders.

### OTHER UNFORTUNATE OFFICERS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.] LONDON, Nov. 30.—The War Office has received from the general commanding at Cape Town the following dispatch:

"Received from Modder River, Nov. 29: Killed—Staff Col. H. P. Northcott, Second Coldstreams; Lieut. Col. R. H. Stoddard, Col. S. E. Earle.

"Wounded—Artillery, Maj. W. Lindsay, Capt. Farrell, Lieut. Dunlop, Lieut. Furze, Third Grenadiers; Maj. Count Gleichen, Lieut. Hon. H. L. Ligon, Coldstreams; Lieut. Vincent Acheson, medical corps, Capt. G. A. Moore.

"The casualties among the officers of the Ninth Brigade and the men of the division will follow.

Col. Northcott participated in the Sherebro expedition, West Africa, in 1884, where he was severely wounded in the Zulu war, the Ashantee expedition and the Karagwe expedition, 1898, for which he was made a Companion of the Bath. He took part in the Northern Cape Coast territories.

Lieut. Col. Stoddard had not seen any active service. He is a relative of the Queen. He is a major of the Grenadier Guards, and is the oldest son of the late Prince Victor of Hohenlohe-Langenburg. He took part in the Nile expedition, 1884-85, was attached to Sir West Ridgeway's mission to Morocco, 1892, did splendid service in the Sudan, 1898, and was attached to Mr. Road's mission to Abyssinia, 1897. He was staff captain of the Intelligence Division of the War Office since 1895.

### HEAVY BOER LOSSES.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.] ORANGE RIVER, Monday, Nov. 27.—Boer prisoners here report that the numbers of Boers killed at Belmont are believed to be 140 and at Gras Pan 400. Among the prisoners are several with enormous red crosses on their sleeves. It is reported that they fought with the artillery.

### AFTER THE BIG BATTLE AT MODDER RIVER.

#### OMINOUS SILENCE RESPECTING METHUEN'S MOVEMENTS.

Probably Again on the March and Will Not Be Heard from Until He Has Fought Another Battle—He Anticipated Dogged Resistance—Boers Deemed a Worthy Foe.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.] LONDON, Nov. 30.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Although telegraphic communication is open to Modder River, no further news of Gen. Methuen's movements or the big fight has reached here up to 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. This is generally taken to indicate that Gen. Methuen is again on the march and that, as heretofore, he will not again be heard from until he has fought another battle and gained another stage of the march.

That the general anticipated dogged resistance on his northward march is shown by the speech which he delivered to his troops November 27, after the battle of Gras Pan, and reports of which have just arrived here. After reading a telegram from Gov. Milner, congratulating the troops and sympathizing with the commander, Gen. Methuen personally congratulated the troops on the work done and expressed appreciation of the manner in which they had endured the heat and the work, he said, was the most severe encountered by the British army in many a long day. They had in front of them, he added, an enemy to which they could not afford to give a single point. Their tactics had been excellent and he recognized and admired their courage.

Continuing, Gen. Methuen said that when called upon to fight his country he preferred to fight a foe worthy of his steel, rather than a cowardly foe, whose recommendation was bravery. He then expressed the hope that he and his men had gained each other's confidence and would do their duty to their country, as Englishmen should.

Gen. Methuen also described as "dastardly" the conduct of the Boers in firing on ambulances and wagons, the shooting of a British officer, the wounding of Boer, and the Boers' use of dum-dum bullets; but he refused to believe that these acts were characteristic of the Boers. He gave them credit, until convinced to the contrary, that they, like the British, wished to fight fairly and squarely.

Those who are acquainted with Gen. Methuen think his free description of the battle of Modder River forecasts "a fearful butcher's bill."

Little attention was paid here to the flimsy fabrication announcing the fall of Ladysmith. The dispatch caused feelings of joy in Paris, but it is impossible to make a British believe that, after withstanding the siege so long, Gen. White, with the thunder of Gen. Clerke's guns at Colenso telling of the coming relief, would relinquish his position, while ammunition or a man was left.

### THE NEWS OF THE BRITISH SUCCESS WILL

spread far and wide, among the Boers.

The War Office officials today reiterate that they have received absolutely nothing to indicate the slightest likelihood of Ladysmith surrendering, while on the other hand, they expect the place will be relieved shortly.

Gen. Buller's dispatch from Pietermaritzburg would have hardly dealt with belated details of the situation at Ladysmith if there was anything serious to report. Since then has come a dispatch from Estcourt saying Gen. Joubert is hastening back to oppose Col. Baden-Powell. This is incomprehensible here and it is generally supposed that the Ladysmithers have held up. But in some quarters conjectures are ventured that the besiegers of Ladysmith have withdrawn southward and pointed Col. Buller's force to leave that place and that he is now in communication with Col. Plumer of Port Tull, traversing the Transvaal. It is claimed that Gen. Joubert is traveling in an omnibus he must be sick or wounded.

### BEIEGIED BRITONS STANDING OFF THE ENEMY.

A dispatch from Cape Town, dated Monday, November 27, gives reports of the nervousness of the Boers of the Orange Free State border. Some of the Boer forces, it is added, have hurriedly withdrawn from Ladysmith and Barkley East.

### ALL WELL AT KIMBERLEY UP TO NOVEMBER 23.

Boers Beaten Back at Ladysmith With Great Loss—British Casualties Very Small—Gen. Joubert Reported to Have Retreated to Colenso—The Railroad Reopened to Estcourt.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.] LONDON, Nov. 30.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The official dispatch makes the following dispatch public from the commanding general at Cape Town, under date of November 29:

"Kimberley—All well to November 23. Rail and telegraph open to Modder River."

Gatacre reports the following from Gen. Buller dated Pietermaritzburg, Wednesday, November 29:

"Mitchell, a telegraphist, has just made his way out of Ladysmith to Weneer, whence he sends the following message:

"On November 9 we beat back the Boers with great loss to the enemy. Our total casualties were remarkably small. There were only eight men killed during the siege by shells, and in all the battles, etc., only a hundred men have been killed or wounded. I left Ladysmith the night of November 23. Since November 9 no attempt has been made to attack Ladysmith in force."

### JOUBERT RETREATING.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.] ESTCOURT, Monday, Nov. 27.—The Twelfth Lanciers are reported to have routed Pieter's force at Weneer, and to have inflicted great loss on the Boers.

Gen. Hildyard's force bivouacked last night at Ficksburg. Boers have been captured; one of them, a doctor, entered the British camp under the belief that it was a Boer bivouac.

Gen. Joubert is reported to have retreated to Colenso yesterday, by way of Chieveley. He traveled in an omnibus drawn by six horses. It is reported that he is hurrying back to oppose Col. Baden-Powell.

Two Estcourt trains arrived at Ficksburg last evening. There is great rejoicing at the report of the line.

Boer prisoners report that Gen. Hildyard's night attack with cold steel paralyzed the burghers, whose loss was thirty killed and over a hundred wounded.

ALL WELL AT MAFEEKING.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.] LONDON, Nov. 30.—Col. Baden-Powell, under date of Mafeking, November 30, has sent the following to the War Office through Gen. Forester-Walker at Cape Town:

"All well here. Cronje has gone with a commando and with about twenty wagons to Richters, Transvaal, leaving me here with the Marico and Lichtenburg contingents, with orders to shell us into submission. Bombardment and sniping with rifles and machine guns.

"The enemy's sentries drew us out Saturday by making a show of going away and leaving a big gun apparently in a state of being dismantled. Our scouts found the enemy hidden in force, so we sat tight.

"The enemy's 84-pounder became damaged and was replaced by another, more efficient. I am daily pushing out our advance work with good results. The health of the garrison is good. No casualties to report."

LADYSMITH BOMBARDED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.] LONDON, Dec. 1.—The Times publishes the following dispatch from Frere, Natal, Monday, November 27: "Ladysmith was heavily bombarded today."

REVOLT IN COLOMBIA.

INSURRECTION SAID TO BE GAINING IN STRENGTH.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.] KINGSTON, (Jamaica), Nov. 30.—[By West Indian Cable.] Colombian advices received here by the steamer Louisiana say the revolution is spreading throughout the Colombian republic and gaining great strength. Details as to the movements of the Liberals are lacking, but the stereotyped, censored cable dispatches relating to government success are discredited, the fact being that the main bodies of the insurgents are in the interior and the revolution is thoroughly organized.

Several casual bands of recruits have been dispersed and a few severe reverses have been suffered on the water, but the insurrection is not even fully launched yet, and is apparently awaiting further important outside aid, presumably Venezuelan, which it is asserted, is delayed owing to the outbreak of the counter-revolution there.

FATAL SALUTE.

DISASTER AT UNVEILING OF A SPANISH CANNON.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.] PITTSBURGH, Nov. 30.—While a section of Battery B of the National Guard of Pennsylvania was firing a Governor's salute of fifteen guns during the parade in Allegheny today, preceding the unveiling of a Spanish gun captured and presented to Allegheny City, a premature discharge of one of the guns occurred and three men were hurt. George Starkey's left arm was blown off, and Michael J. Sampson, arrested at a village near Limerick Tuesday, November 28, on the request of the Chief Detective of Chicago, charged with embezzlement, was arraigned at the Bow-street Police Court today. A remand until Saturday was granted at the request of the United States Embassy.

It is understood that Sampson is a defaulting ex-Auditor of the city of Chicago. A receipt for 2800 lire paid for jewelry purchased in Rome and pledged in Dublin, was found on him.

## HOLIDAY DOINGS.

### ATHLETICS AND FEASTING OCCUPY NEW YORKERS.

Helen Gould Treats Waifs to a Turkey Dinner at Her Home for Poor Children at Woody Crest.

Thousands of Other Boys and Girls Banqueted by Generous Society People—Newsboys not Neglected.

General Observance of the Day at the National Capital—Rhode Island Turkey at the White House.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Thanksgiving day was an ideal Indian summer day. The chief point of interest in the city today was the Columbia-Indian football game, where 20,000 persons inside and outside Manhattan field watched the pale-faced athletes of New York city's greatest university go down like so many false gods before the red men from Carlisle.

Thousands of other admirers of athletic sports cheered themselves hoarse as they saw George W. Orton of the Toronto Lacrosse and Athletic Association win the mile championship run at the Knickerbocker Club carnival of sport at Madison Square Garden this afternoon.

A number of the waifs of New York will long remember Thanksgiving day of this year because of the fact that they were invited to eat turkey at Woody Crest, the home for poor children near Irvington, N. Y., owned and supported by Miss Helen Gould.

Another dinner in which society people were greatly interested was the festival of the Children's Aid Society, where 6000 boys and girls who inhabit the society's lodging-house were treated to what must have seemed to them a veritable banquet. Among those interested in this dinner were William Waldorf Astor of London, Bayard Cutting and Gov. Roosevelt.

Another dinner which attracted nearly as much attention and was equally well attended and well appreciated was the newsboys' dinner on Duane street.

Three thousand persons were well fed at the Catholic Protectorate. At the Five Points Mission another thousand feasted, while at the Parents' House of Industry fully one thousand gathered around the board.

### AT WASHINGTON.

#### TURKEY AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—A very general observance of the holiday by persons in all walks of life, marked Thanksgiving day at the national capital. The government offices, post-office and business houses were closed. Fine weather prevailed and crowds found amusement at the races and at outdoor sports. The poor were not forgotten by those in more fortunate circumstances.

The day was more closely observed at the Executive Mansion than for some years. The house was closed to visitors and all walks of life, marked Thanksgiving day at the national capital. The government offices, post-office and business houses were closed. Fine weather prevailed and crowds found amusement at the races and at outdoor sports. The poor were not forgotten by those in more fortunate circumstances.

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## BACK IN THE TOILS.

### CLAYTON RECAPTURED BY SAN FRANCISCO POLICE.

Prisoner's Clever Method of Escape from Emil Harris Explained—Left the Ferryboat and Climbed the Pier.

The Convicted Man Now Safe in San Quentin Prison—Found by Detectives While Getting Ready to Flee.

Revenue Cutter McCulloch to Search for Overdue Vessels—Lightship Crew Rescued—Destructive Fire at Portland.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—J. J. Clayton, who escaped from Emil Harris of Los Angeles, on the ferryboat Berkeley last Tuesday while being taken to San Quentin, was recaptured today. After a long search he was found in a room in a boarding-house at No. 212 First street. As the detectives entered the room Clayton was preparing to leave, with the intention of departing from the city.

The captive told the detectives that when he got away from Harris last Tuesday he slid over the rail and climbed up on the pier just as the ferryboat was leaving its dock. He rode into Oakland on a switch-engine, and after exchanging good looks with poor ones, came across the bay.

Clayton was restored to the custody of Harris, and was at once taken to San Quentin, where he is to serve a year for an assault with a deadly weapon, committed in Los Angeles.

### OVERDUE VESSELS.

#### MCCULLOCH STARTS SEARCHING.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—The revenue-cutter McCulloch sailed this afternoon with supplies to make a search along the coast for overdue vessels. There are still out the Amethyst, forty-three days from Seattle; Danielson, forty-two days from Tillamook; Wing and Wing, twenty-five days from Gray's Harbor, and half a dozen more from other coast ports still to be heard from.

#### WAITING FOR KENNEBEC.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—The American ship Kennebec, 154 days from Baltimore, is overdue and 7 per cent. reinsurance is being paid by the underwriters. She has coal for the Iowa and the battleship, and is waiting for her cruise until the Kennebec gets here.

#### SEVERAL SHIPS ARRIVE.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—Several more of the overdue coasting fleet arrived today. The ship Sparta expected a heavy storm after leaving Seattle thirty-two days ago, during which everything aboard was lashed down. On November 12, when the storm was at its worst, the first officer, Emil Larsen, died and was buried at sea.

#### LIGHTSHIP CREW SAVED.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
ASTORIA (Or.), Nov. 30.—The crew of the lightship was rescued by the lifesaving crew and are now safely housed in the hospital at Fort Canby. The rescue was accomplished by means of the breeches buoy. The vessel at last reports was resting easy.

#### LYING ON THE SAND.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
ASTORIA (Or.), Nov. 30.—The lightship which went ashore near McKenzie Head, Wednesday night, is lying on the sand and is resting easy. She is inside the reef and this breaks the force of the sea. The Fort Canby lifesaving crew, with the help of the few soldiers from the fort, rescued the crew.

#### PIONEER M'NABB GONE.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
PETALUMA, Nov. 30.—Hon. James H. McNabb died today, after a short illness, of neuralgia of the heart. Mr. McNabb was one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Sonoma county. He was born in Illinois in 1833, and came to California in 1849. For nearly forty years he was one of the editors of the Petaluma Argus. He served as postmaster of this city under President Harrison and served as State Senator from 1882 to 1888. In 1871 he was appointed a deputy collector in the customs at San Francisco, which position he held for nine years.

#### HOLD-UP AT TACOMA.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
TACOMA (Wash.), Nov. 30.—Three masked men held up the West End saloon here last night about 11:30 o'clock and rifled the pockets of eight men who happened to be there at the time. Two of the robbers came in through the back entrance and the other came in the front door. All had revolvers and stood the crowd up. The robbers got about \$60 in money, two gold watches and a revolver taken from the bartender.

#### FIRE AT PORTLAND.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
PORTLAND (Or.), Nov. 30.—Fire today in the Blumauer Block, on the corner of Fourth and Morrison streets, destroyed property valued at \$23,000. The damage is fully covered by insurance. The firms damaged are: Wetland & Son, confectioners; A. J. Frasers & Sons, clothing; Blumauer & Frank Drug Company, Mary Hernet, lodging-house.

#### K. OF P. SUPREME LODGE.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
STOCKTON, Nov. 30.—Supreme Representative Walter C. Graves of the Knights of Pythias, and Past Grand Chancellor of the order in California, was in Stockton yesterday afternoon and this morning on legal business. While here he stated that the Past

Grand Chancellors and the Supreme Representatives of the Knights of Pythias were working quietly and making a strong effort to get the next session of the Supreme Lodge for San Francisco, and that the chances for success were very bright. Mr. Graves left for San Francisco on the noon train today.

**Youth Charged With Forgery.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—Joseph Rose, a young man, was arrested tonight by Officer Marston on the complaint of his uncle, A. C. Nunez, a saloon-keeper of Sacramento, and charged with forgery. He is accused of having forged his father's name to a document on the strength of which Nunez loaned him \$100. Rose says he gave his personal note for the money and that his uncle is the author of the document used against him.

**Robbed in a Saloon.**  
SACRAMENTO, Nov. 30.—Charles Martin, who has been employed on the American River Railroad bridge near this city, and received his month's wages yesterday, was knocked down this evening in the rear room of a saloon on Lower K street and relieved of \$45. Six men have been arrested on suspicion of having done the job, as they were in the room.

**Masonic Hall Cornerstone Laid.**  
OAKLAND, Nov. 30.—The cornerstone of the new Masonic Hall was laid this morning with interesting ceremonies. Grand Master C. L. Patton performing the ceremony on behalf of the Grand Lodge of the State. The oration was delivered by Judge Carroll Cook of San Francisco. The new building has been erected by Alcatraz Lodge.

**Curious Ocean Asphaltum Bed.**  
SAN LUIS OBISPO, Nov. 30.—The Oxnard Mining Company struck a curious asphaltum bed out in the ocean at Summerland while drilling an oil well 400 feet from shore. The asphaltum is of the very purest kind. The formation is unique in Summerland. No such stratum has ever before been found.

**Died in a Dentist's Chair.**  
BAKER CITY (Or.), Nov. 30.—Miss Florence V. Wells, recently from Los Angeles, died in a dentist's chair here today while under the influence of chloroform. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

#### Storm Off Washington Coast.

SEATTLE, Nov. 30.—The Weather Bureau announced an extensive storm off the Washington coast today. High winds swept Puget Sound and the straits. No casualties have been reported.

#### EMPEROR ON SAMOA.

HOPES THAT ACQUISITION WILL PROVE A BLESSING.

(A. P. DAY REPORT.)  
BERLIN, Nov. 30.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The Kolonial Zeitung today publishes a letter from Emperor William, addressed to Duke Albrecht, regent of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, in which His Majesty congratulates Germany on the acquisition of Samoa, and expresses hopes that, with God's help, the German colonies, sustained with self-sacrificing solitude of the people and supported by a strong fleet, may in peaceful competition with other nations, advance on the road to prosperity and prove a blessing to the Fatherland.

#### ARRIVE AT POTSDAM.

(A. P. DAY REPORT.)  
POTSDAM, Nov. 30.—The Emperor and Empress of Germany have arrived here from Flushing.

## HOGG FOR A MATE.

### BRYAN READILY TAKES UP WITH THE IDEA.

Atty.-Gen. Smith Mentions the Ex-Governor for Second Place on the Democratic Ticket Next Year.

Billy's Vacation Trip in Texas Taken Up So Far by Car Speech-making—Party Leaves for Waco.

Silver Republicans Refuse to Consent to the Side-tracking of Their Pet Issue—Sore Kentucky Goebelites.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
AUSTIN (Tex.), Nov. 30.—While William J. Bryan, ex-Gov. Hogg and other politicians were making rear-end train speeches at Elgin, near here, this afternoon, a boom was started for ex-Gov. Hogg for second place on the national Democratic ticket, and Bryan warmly applauded the proposition.

Bryan, accompanied by Gov. Sayers, ex-Gov. Hogg, and Atty.-Gen. Smith, left this afternoon for Waco, where Bryan will speak tomorrow. They went via Elgin, a small junction of some 5000 inhabitants, a few miles from this city, to make the Waco connection. Arriving at Elgin, the party was received by almost the entire population of the town, and a perfect ovation was rendered them. The crowd demanded some speech-making.

Bryan was the first to respond to the call, and addressed his hearers for some ten or fifteen minutes. He spoke cheerfully of the campaign of 1900. He assured his hearers that he was in Texas to recuperate and prepare himself for the coming campaign, and announced that the Democrats of the country would find him as loyal to the 16-to-1 theory as ever.

Upon the conclusion of his address, ex-Gov. Hogg spoke briefly along the same lines, followed by Gov. Sayers. Then a surprise was sprung on the crowd by Atty.-Gen. Smith. He extolled Bryan as a great man and he assured the audience that he would be elected President in 1900. While the audience was enthusiastically cheering this statement, Smith added that he hoped to see and know that he would see ex-Gov. Hogg occupying the second place on the national ticket, as he would make an excellent running-mate for Bryan.

This created great enthusiasm and Bryan applauded heartily with the remainder of the crowd. Cries for Hogg brought him to the front again and he announced that the honor sought to be thrust upon him was more than he expected; that he did not want any office and was not looking for any, and that he thought the Vice-Presidency should go to a western man.

#### DENIES HE'S DABBLING.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
AUSTIN (Tex.), Nov. 30.—W. J. Bryan's attention has been called to a report from Washington that it was hinted there that he was inclined to favor the nomination of Sulzer for Speaker by the Democratic Congress.

sional contingent, and he expressed himself as follows:  
"I have not said or written anything for any candidate for Speaker. I have not taken any part in the contest and shall not. The Democrats in Congress are entirely competent to settle the question of the leadership for themselves, and I have no doubt will caucus and make a wise selection."

#### MUST HAVE SILVER.

##### DEMOCRATS' ALLIES TERMS.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—The Silver Republicans in conference here Tuesday and Wednesday planned; it is announced, to ally themselves with, and to make use of the anti-imperialism agitation, especially in Eastern States where the silver issue does not attract. Cooperation with Edward Atkinson's following will be sought. The purpose of the Silver Republicans is to gain, if possible, with this new issue, a foothold in Eastern States, so that their party can truly claim to be a national organization and thus become a more effective whip for holding the Democrats to the Bryan and 16 to 1 line. This is one reason why the Silver Republicans make to hold a big national convention of 2000 delegates or more next year. Confirmation of this plan came today from Fred Dubois, former Senator from Idaho, chairman of the Silver Republican Executive Committee.

There is no place for the Republican anti-imperialists of New England and the coast to go, except to our party," said Mr. Dubois. "The assured composition of the United States for several years convinces them that silver legislation cannot be passed for many years. On anti-imperialism and kindred questions, they are one with me. I expect to see former Gov. Boutwell of Massachusetts, Edward Atkinson and men like them meeting as delegates in our convention."

"We are pretty well satisfied," Dubois continued, "that the Democrats will reaffirm the platform of 1893 and I expect that many a Republican will want to do in 1896—establish a separate organization and nominate a separate ticket."

#### GOEBELITES CONVENE.

##### SORE AT BRADLEY AND TONY.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
FRANKFORT (Ky.), Nov. 30.—The Seventh District Congressional Convention, which was expected to sound the ante-election keynote for the Goebel Democracy, as well as to nominate a candidate to succeed Evan Settle, deceased, convened at 2 o'clock, but owing to a tie-up in the Committee on Resolutions, it accomplished nothing this afternoon.

The hitch in the convention arose over the question of reaffirming the platform of the Louisville convention on which Goebel was nominated. It is understood that John F. Allen, leading candidate for the Congressional nomination, while he supported Goebel, is a dissenter to the platform as to the endorsement of the Goebel election law. Speeches of the leaders breathed denunciation against Gov. Bradley for using military forces, and also against Judge Tony of Louisville for interfering with the Louisville election by injunction.

#### Attacked by a Human Fiend.

LIMA (O.), Nov. 30.—Miss Maggie Haub, aged 18, a telephone operator, was attacked by a man unknown and supposedly colored man while on her way home last night. She was overpowered, bound and gagged. An hour later she was released, and she gave an alarm. Her condition is critical.

## BLOOD STILL SEEMS THICKER THAN WATER.

### AMBASSADOR CHOATE TALKS ALONG THAT LINE.

Thanksgiving Banquet of Americans in London Was an Enthusiastic Demonstration of Friendship for England—Living Proofs of American Sympathy for British Cousins.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
LONDON, Nov. 30.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The annual Thanksgiving banquet of the American Society in London was attended by 250 guests and was marked by enthusiastic demonstrations of friendship for England in the war against the Boers. A striking speech by Ambassador Choate, uniformed nurses and doctors of the American hospital ship were the features.

Mr. Choate, in response to a toast to his own health, which was received with loud cheering, said there could not be a better prelude to what he had to say than a remark that had been made to him, "Let England and America clasp hands across the sea and the peace of the world is absolutely secure."

He referred sympathetically to the losses sustained by British families through the war, and went on to say: "Fortunately Englishmen have not far to look for living proofs of this humane sympathy. Neutral as America must be, her women should not be neutral. To neutralize them would be to spoil them. Those American women in London who have fitted up a hospital ship have done a deed that will live for all time as a blessing to our common humanity."

After declaring that the action of the United States in endeavoring to look after interests in the Transvaal was merely an endeavor to reciprocate kindness exhibited during the war with Spain, Mr. Choate said:

"Unfortunately the local authorities at Pretoria seemed to think that this would not be quite the proper thing, yet I can but hope that the prohibition will be ultimately removed so that we may be permitted to act in this errand of humanity."

Dealing with the commercial prosperity of the United States and the necessity for American merchant marine, Mr. Choate remarked: "Carrying trade is the white man's burden, and we must do our full share. The supreme interest of the United States is to preserve the peace of the world. I still believe that a majority of the American people continue to uphold Washington's maxim about no entangling alliances, but I have no fear of any quarrel between the three greatest commercial nations, England, Germany and the United States. Our one aim is to increase our commerce with the great kindred nations, who for three generations have settled amicably every question, however great and trying that has ever arisen between them. How can we ever have any dispute again while the great stream of German blood continues to flow in our veins, and while New York and Chicago stand among the greatest German cities in the world? How can we fail to believe that we will be able to maintain absolute amity with this great nation?"

Tracing the progress of the United States in the Far East, Mr. Choate claimed: "There is now only one step further to the open door, and who will slam that door in our face?"

## Mexican Leather Goods

Genuine Mexican Hand-carved Leather Goods, made up into every well known and desired article. If we haven't what you want we'll make it to order. Carved goods at carved prices.

### Women's Belts

Women's carved leather belts, assorted floral patterns, cinch fastenings, all sizes 75c  
Better grade of carving \$1.  
Best grade of carving \$1.50.  
Women's carved leather belts, new designs, buckle fastening, Venetian finish, dark background 2.25

### Men's Belts

Hand carved leather belts, basket patterns, cinch buckle fastenings, all sizes \$1  
Higher grade carving, floral designs, cinch fastening \$1.75.  
Same with buckle fastening \$2.

### Chatainets

Neatly carved chatainets, medium size, hooks to the belt 1.50  
Same as above with loops through which belt passes 1.50  
Beautifully carved chatainets in various sizes and designs, place for the handkerchief on outside; tuck fastening or with frame and ball clasps 2.50  
Highest grade, carved leather chatainets, accordion gussets, finely finished \$4  
Same as above, with Venetian background 4.50

### Women's Combination Purses

A carved leather combination money purse and card case, well made, beautifully carved; a book that generally sells for \$1.75 and \$2. Our price \$1  
Finely carved, combination, calf lined \$2  
Better ones, full calf lined \$2.75  
Full calf lined, carving, finished in Venetian effect 3.25  
The finest carved combination book made; carved inside and out, calf lined 4.50  
Same as above, carved with Venetian effect \$5  
Sma size, tuck carved purse \$2  
Same as above, but larger 2.50

### Coin Purse and Bill Rolls

Hand carved oval pouch purse, button clasp, two pockets, solid leather 65c  
Same as above, but more elaborately carved 1.25  
Same as above, square shape 1.25  
Same as above, with two coin pockets and regular size bill roll combination, commodious, but compact, finely carved 1.75  
Carved leather bill roll, button clasp \$1  
Finely carved coin purse, steel frame, riveted, inside pocket \$1  
Square carved purse, neat steel frame, three pockets \$1

### Card Cases

Women's full size card cases, all calf, beautifully carved 2.25  
Same as above, Venetian finish 2.50  
Men's dainty, open end card cases, flap tops, two pockets 1.75  
Same as above, Venetian finish \$2  
Men's medium size card case, open side, three pockets, two extra pockets for stamps, full calf 2.25  
Same as above, Venetian finish 2.50  
Men's full size card case, finest grade carving, beautiful designs, full calf lined, three pockets, two extra stamp pockets 2.75

### Men's Letter and Bill Books

Finely carved letter books, 64 inches long, leather lined, four pockets with inside tuck 2.25  
Same as above, highest grade carving 3.50  
Same as above, highest grade carving, full calf lined 4.50  
Same as above, carving not quite so elaborate, calf lined, Venetian finish 3.50  
Finely carved bill book, 84 inches long, leather, four pockets with inside flap 2.75  
Same as above, highest grade carving, full calf lined, three pockets with two extra pockets for stamps, etc. \$5  
Same as above, Venetian finish \$6

### Stamp Cases

Carved postage stamp cases, waxed leaves to keep stamps from sticking, giving rates of postage for the United States and foreign countries 25c

### Court Plaster Cases

Carved leather case, with metal box containing cut court plaster in variety colors and sizes 25c

### Military Brush Cases

Carved leather case to hold pair of military hair brushes, beautifully carved 3.50

### Playing Card Cases

Beautifully carved case, Venetian effect, containing deck of gilt-edge cards and set of whist counters 2.50

### Cigar Cases

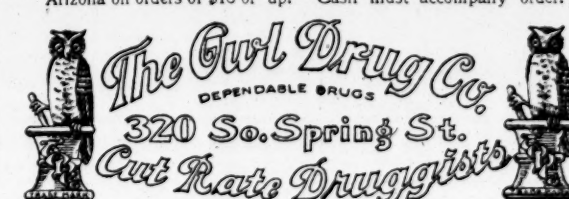
Finely carved telescopic cigar case, holds four cigars \$2  
Beautifully designed, hinged cigar case, French gilt frame, finished in Venetian effect 4.25

### Cigarette Cases

Finely carved telescopic cigarette case, regular size 1.75  
Same as above in Venetian effect 2.25

### Free Delivery

To all parts of Los Angeles and Pasadena. To railroad points within 100 miles on orders of \$5 or up. To railroad points in Arizona on orders of \$10 or up. Cash must accompany order.



## Have You Seen It?

.....THE.....

## Cravenette Coat

A new waterproof overcoat, thoroughly impervious to rain or dampness. No rubber in its make-up. An unusually stylish garment that has won its way into the best wardrobes in the East. Call and see them.

\$18.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00

Once more let us give you a pressing invitation to look into the merits of the M. & B. \$10.00 Suits. They cannot be duplicated in town at the price.

Mullen, Bluet & Co.,

N.W. Cor. First and Spring Sts.

## Flexible Rubber Dental Plates \$7.50 a Set.

Non-breakable sets; beautiful gums \$10. Absolute painless fitting. Gold Crowns \$5. Teeth Without Plates. No difficult cases guaranteed. Office hours, 8 to 5; Sundays, 9 to 1. Dr. C. STEVENS, 27 1/2 S. Spring St. Tel. Green 1850

## CARVING SETS.

Buy Cutlery in a Cutlery Store if you want reliable goods. New Blades put in Carvers. New Handles put on.

Steinen-Kirchner Co., 230 S. Spring Street, 130 N. Main Street.

WHAT COULD give a music-loving home more profitable pleasure than an ANGELUS ORCHESTRAL piano player. It plays any piano with an artist's skill. See it at 358 S. Broadway. E. G. ROBINSON, Sole Agent.

NOTICE—All Garments fitted and guaranteed without charge.

Let's go to  
**Hale's**  
107-109 North Spring St.

NOTICE—No Garments will be taken back or exchanged during this sale.

## SIX-DAY ADVANCE CLEARANCE SALE

Ordinarily January is the month for clearance sales, the time of the year that people expect prices to be cut, and it is; but we can't wait. We must avert ourselves to circumstances as they exist. The weather question has evidently been settled for good between "Old Sol" and "Jack Frost," rather to the advantage of the former: too many warm days—not enough cold ones. The inevitable result has been to retard the selling of winter garments; our counters and showcases are still too full; we must begin now. Our policy, "no goods carried over," must be lived up to, even if the sacrifice is great. It is therefore with a great deal of reluctance and keen disappointment that we announce the "Advance Clearance Sale." Beginning this morning, December 1.

## Ladies' Capes, Jackets, Suits, Furs, Skirts, Etc.

Will be mercilessly slaughtered regardless of cost, style, fit or quality. We give below a schedule of price reductions, which will include every garment in the house.

Plush and Velvet Capes.	High Grade Man-Tailored Suits.	Ladies' and Misses' Jackets.	Astrakhan Capes.
All made from best seal and salt plushes, plush velours and silk velvets, lined with silk serges, satins and shirtings, bound with others handsewn, treated and embroidered, and fur trimmed.	Black and all colors, broadcloths, chevrons, Venetians, homespun, serges, etc., jackets of all are silk lined, some have skirt silk lined throughout, tight fitting jackets, refer styles and fly front and dip front, all late styles and up-to-date; chance of the season.	Such an array of women's wearables is seldom seen under one roof. We've more jackets than is good for us now, so here they go, fine Cheviots, Coverts, Venetians, Broadcloths, Meltons, etc., the cheapest one in the lot could not be bought today for the price we quote here.	These are made of solid skins, wide sweep, having storm collars and lined with good quality black satin.
All \$14.00 seal plush capes, thibet trimmed, 14 in. long, now 3.50	All \$6.50 suits of repellant cloth, \$ 5.00	All our \$5.00 Jackets, all colors and styles, now 3.95	All \$10.50 astrakhan capes, 14 in. long, now 9.25
All \$18.00 seal plush capes, thibet trimmed, 16 in. long, now 3.75	All \$10.00 suits, all wool, any color, now 7.50	All our \$4.00 Jackets, tans and blues, now 3.50	All \$15.00 astrakhan capes, 16 in. long, now 12.50
All \$20.00 seal plush capes, thibet trimmed, 18 in. long, now 5.00	All \$12.00 suits, many styles and different colors, now 9.50	All our \$6.00 Jackets, all colors and black, half lined, now 5.00	All \$20.00 astrakhan capes, 20 in. long, now 14.75
All \$25.00 salt plush capes, emb'd trimmed, 20 in. long, now 5.50	All \$15.00 suits, all colors and styles, now 11.50	All our \$8.00 Jackets, all colors and black, half lined, now 7.50	All \$22.50 astrakhan capes, 22 in. long, now 16.00
All \$28.00 salt plush capes, emb'd trimmed, 24 in. long, now 6.00	All \$17.50 suits, gray and tan, homespun, now 14.50	All our \$10.00 Jackets, tans, full silk lined, now 8.75	All \$25.00 astrakhan capes, 24 in. long, now 17.50
All \$30.00 salt plush capes, emb'd trimmed, 27 in. long, now 7.00	All \$20.00 suits, black and colors, braided effects, now 18.50	All our \$12.00 Jackets, tans, pointed fronts, now 10.50	All \$27.50 astrakhan capes, 27 in. long, now 19.00
All \$32.00 plush velour capes, thibet trimmed, 28 in. long, now 8.50	All \$25.00 suits, Venetians, all colors, silk lined, now 22.00	All our \$15.00 Jackets, tans, full silk lined, now 11.50	All \$30.00 astrakhan capes, 30 in. long, now 21.00
All \$35.00 plush velour capes, Persian lamb, 34 in. long, now 12.00	All \$30.00 suits, elegantly made, stylish cut, silk lined, now 25.00	All our \$18.00 Jackets, tans, full silk lined, now 13.50	
All \$38.00 velvet capes, Persian lamb, 35 in. long, now 13.50	All \$35.00 suits, elegantly made, stylish cut, silk lined, now 27.50		
All \$40.00 velvet capes, marten trimmed, 37 in. long, now 20.00			
All \$45.00 velvet capes, marten trimmed, 38 in. long, now 27.50			
Golf and Cloth Capes.	Silk Skirts	Wool Skirts	Electric Seal Collarets.
They've been wonderfully in it this season; these are late arrivals, up-to-date, no question as to their desirability, cut or fit.	A \$5.00 broadcloth silk skirt for 3.60	\$1.25 figured mohair skirts, for 85c	All \$17.50 electric seal collars, 16 in. long, now 13.50
All \$6.50 golf capes, fancy plaid hoods, now 5.00	A \$7.50 taffeta silk one 5.00	\$2.50 figured mohair skirts, for 2.00	All \$20.00 electric seal collars, 20 in. long, now 15.50
All \$10.50 golf capes, fancy plaid hoods, now 7.50	A \$9.50 taffeta silk one velvet trimmed, for 6.00	\$3.00 serge skirt, habit back for 3.50	All \$25.00 electric seal collars, 25 in. long, now 16.50
All \$14.50 golf capes, fancy plaid hoods, now 12.50	A \$10.00 taffeta silk one velvet trimmed, for 7.00	\$7.50 wool serge, satin folds, for 6.00	All \$35.00 electric seal collars, 30 in. long, now 25.00







## HOLIDAY SPORTS.

## BELMONT WINS FOOTBALL GAME AT FIESTA PARK.

Pomona Defeats the University Team—Santa Barbara Wins from Throop—Bicycle Races at the New Cycle Track—Golf at the Country Club Links—Baseball Game.

The Thanksgiving-day football game at Fiesta Park between the Belmont and the Los Angeles High School team was won by the northern players by a score of 16 to 11. The result was a surprise to most of those who attended the game, as it was supposed that the Belmont boys would find little difficulty in running up a decisive score. With the exceptional advantages that the northern school possessed in the way of coaching and fine football grounds, neither of which is shared by the local players, it is not natural that the Belmont team should have been a decided favorite with those who are familiar with the science of football.

The local team went into the contest with a determination to win and played a plucky and uphill game with a vim and dash that challenged the admiration of the crowd. The visitors played a clean, snappy game, and were applauded, although the sympathy of the crowd was with the local team.

The game had been scheduled to begin at 2 o'clock, but owing to the parade and the game of the day, it was postponed to 3 o'clock. The teams arrived at the field at 2:30, and the game began at 3 o'clock. The Belmont team was dressed in duck suits and white stockings. They were roundly cheered by the crowd, and by the High School contingent as well. The High School team in a tailyho followed shortly, and then bedlam broke loose. The local boys were dressed in duck suits and white stockings. They left the tailyho near the southern entrance to the grounds and went to the center of the field for preliminary practice.

The Belmont team drove to the northern part of the grounds, and also lined up for a little sharp exercise. The visitors at once showed their superior form by their quick, snappy work in making formations. The quarterback would pass the ball and almost as one man the northern boys would make the play. The work of the local team was very slow in comparison, and the friends of the northern school gained confidence from this fact.

The crowd was the largest that has attended a football game in Los Angeles since Berkeley and the Los Angeles Athletic Club teams played here three years ago. It is estimated that about four thousand people were seated on the grandstands and bleachers. Although the masculine element predominated, enough ladies were present to lend tone and color to the appearance of the bleachers. From first to last the crowd was sympathetic and every good play on either side met with a chorus of cheers and hurrahs that rang from at least a thousand throats.

Three of the Greek letter societies of the High School attended the game in tailyhos. They were the Phi Sigma Fraternity and the Delta Iota Xi and the Lambda Theta Phi. At 2:30 o'clock time was called, and both teams took the field. Belmont won the toss and chose the kick off. The High School team took the south goal. The teams lined up as follows: Belmont. High School. Minton center Morgan Sefton left guard Wiggins Moore right guard Wiggins Stow left tackle McLain Kirkpatrick right tackle Kanagy Sherman (c) right half Bosbyshell Bush left half Stephens Lindley fullback Wynn (c) Reid quarterback.

Sherman kicked off 35 yards for Belmont and the game was on. Stephens got the ball and ran it in about 12 yards. After a few more plays, the High School scored by kicking the ball within 7 yards of the High School goal line. The crowd became expectant. The rosters on the bleachers ceased their noise, and the High School co-eds lost for a moment their bright smile. Belmont tried a trick play on left tackle and gained 2 yards. The High School players got down on their knees and tried to stop the next rush, but it was useless, and Stow carried the ball through the center for a touchdown after five minutes of play. Belmont failed to kick the goal.

With the score 5 to 0 against them, Wynn kicked off for the High School 35 yards. After a few plays by the northern team Sherman was obliged to punt, sending the ball across the field lines for 45 yards. The ball then seasawed back and forth between the two teams for a time. A 35-yard run by Sherman and two long punts brought the ball to the High School 30-yard line. The Belmont team lined up for a play on left tackle; Sherman got the ball and dived through the right side between tackle and end for a 7-yard gain, three yards of which was made with two men clinging to his legs. Sherman again got the ball, and skinned the left end for 14 yards and a touchdown. Sherman missed goal. This made the score 10 to 0 in favor of Belmont.

The High School took a brace and after the kick-off rapidly carried the ball toward the Belmont goal. Losing the ball but once, the High School took the spheroid for 25 yards. The ball was fumbled; the quarterback got it and disappeared into the wrestling heap; in some unaccountable manner the fullback got his hands on the ball and when the players had been pulled from the pile, the pigskin was found securely locked in Wynn's arms. Belmont protested, but the referee did not see the play, and the game, which gave the High School a touchdown, was allowed. Wynn failed to kick goal, and the score stood 10 to 5, with Belmont on the long end after nineteen minutes of play.

Stephens kicked the goal and the score stood 16 to 11 in favor of Belmont. No further scoring was done during the game. The second half was practically a repetition of the first as far as the style of play was concerned, but no scoring was done by either side. At the end of the High School was making rapid progress across the field toward the Belmont goal, but the call of time found the ball still ten yards from the coveted chalk line.

The game was interesting from a spectator's standpoint, especially on account of the open play of the Belmont team. Nearly all the substantial gains made by the northern team were runs around the end, while the High School boys depended mainly on bucks and close formations to advance the ball. The clean, manly game played by the northern team was highly commendable and the game was singularly free from disagreeable wrangles over decisions. Capt. Sherman of the Belmont team played his men with good judgment, and his manly and gentlemanly conduct made many friends. Capt. Wynn of the High School team was the best of the game, and his play was the best of the game, and he showed lack of practice, and toward the end of the game was hardly able to stand.

The usual number of accidents occurred. Canfield of the High School team dislocated a shoulder during the game, and had to be carried from the field. Brant was substituted. Bush of the Belmont team was obliged to leave the game. Saltzer was substituted, and in a few minutes he also was carried to the side lines. Boothe played the position for the remainder of the game.

H. Watkins and C. R. Smurr officiated during the first half as referee and umpire respectively. In the second half William Ramsaur took the place of Watkins and acted as umpire. C. de Young acted as timekeeper, and Messrs. Sterry and Campbell as linesmen.

INTERCOLLEGIATE FOOTBALL. POMONA COLLEGE IS CHAMPION. Pomona College has wrested the intercollegiate football championship of Southern California from the University of Southern California. Yesterday afternoon at the new athletic park at Pomona the college eleven met in their third battle. The University of Southern California won in 1897 by a score of 6 to 0; and were victors in 1898, the score being 14 to 11. This year the victors made two touchdowns and kicked two goals, while the University team was unable to score. Pomona scored both touchdowns in the second half, the last one being made one minute before the end of the game.

The day was warm. About two thousand people witnessed the game. Both colleges had big delegations present. Cheers greeted every good play. The game was hard fought throughout. The first half ended with the score 0 to 0. In the second half the University players weakened. Maxson and Fairchild made big gains outside of the tackles. Each of the Pomona halfbacks made a touchdown and Stewart, the Pomona captain, kicked two goals, making the final score 12 to 0.

The U.S.C. crowd went to Pomona on a special train over the Southern Pacific, leaving at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The Hotel Pacific was headquarters for the footballists. The betting contingent was enthusiastic and several hundred dollars changed hands. The two teams lined up at 2:25 p.m. as follows:

U.S.C. right end Pomona. Williams right tackle Gordon Wheatley right guard Voorhees Christy center King Holland left guard Vanhuyen (Capt.) left tackle Wharton Flint left end Fairchild Cromwell right half Maxson Enyeart left half Judson Pratt fullback Stewart Ryus quarterback.

Pomona won the toss. Pratt kicked off for the University for forty-five yards. Pomona lost the ball on downs, but soon recovered it on a fumble. Pomona lost ball again on downs. Pratt fumbled and a Pomona man fell on the ball. The Pomona contingent went wild as their team rushed the ball down the field to the University ten-yard line. Maxson doing beautiful work for his team. The University boys made a spirited stand and took the ball on downs. Pratt tore through left tackle for five yards. Yerxa, the University's lightweight right end, made a brilliant run around the end for twenty yards. The inevitable fumble cost U.S.C. the ball and Pomona punted to University twenty-yard line. Pratt punted thirty yards. Pomona rushed the ball back. Yerxa dove through a broken field for fifteen yards. Pratt punted twenty-five yards. The first half ended with Pomona in possession of the ball on the U.S.C. thirty-yard line.

Judson kicked off in the second half for 40 yards. Pratt returned for 30 yards. The ball was then kicked right end for 35 yards. This was the best run of the day. At the end of twelve minutes' play Maxson was pushed over for the first touchdown. Pomona went wild. Blue and white filled the air. The yells were redoubled when Judson kicked goal, making the score 6 to 0 in Pomona's favor. The rest of the game was devoted to a kicking battle between the rival fullbacks. Pratt excelled in the punting, but Pomona ran the kicks back better than the University men. Fairchild made the second touchdown just before time was called, and Judson kicked the goal, making the score 12 to 0 in Pomona's favor.

The University line outplayed its opponents. Wheatley, for University, played the best defensive game of the day. Christy at center did magnificent work. Yuxa, the clever little end man of the University team, distinguished himself by strong defensive play and by two brilliant dashes around the ends. Ryus backed up the line strongly, and generated his team with good judgment. For Pomona, Maxson played the star game. He was always good for a gain. Unfortunately he was injured and compelled to quit before the end of the game. Stewart, the Pomona captain, put up a good game. Salisbury was strong on defense. Fairchild played a strong game.

The best of feeling prevailed throughout the game. The play was fierce, but clean. The Pomona victory was deserved. The University team was entirely worn out by the middle of the second half, while Pomona kept her steam up to the last. George Spence and W. F. Clary, both of the University of California, were referee and umpire, respectively. Kessler, for Pomona, and Wright, for the University, were the linesmen.

In the evening the University Glee and Mandolin Club gave a concert at the Methodist Episcopal Church before a large audience. A special train brought the tired enthusiasts back to the city at 10:30 last night.

GOLF TOURNAMENT. PLAYING FOR CHAMPIONSHIPS. The Los Angeles Country Club began another one of its delightful club tournaments yesterday. Society was out in goodly number, particularly in the afternoon, when scores of carriages rolled up to the club-house and left their occupants for a season of golf, fresh air, music and dancing. The day was never fairer—neither too warm nor too cool, and those who availed themselves of the opportunity could seldom have spent a pleasanter Thanksgiving.

The tournament that began yesterday will be resumed tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock and continue until the club championship is decided. Forty-four entries had been booked for the men's club championship and handicapped, and forty were finished. No good scores were made in any of the events owing to the length of the grass and the heavy dew.

Following were the scores made in the men's handicap:

First Round	Second Round	Handicap	Net
E. D. Silent.....	110	100	210
Jack Jevne.....	106	111	217
Hugh May.....	97	105	202
A. W. Bumiller.....	102	113	215
M. E. Flowers.....	109	117	226
F. A. Hines.....	116	111	227
P. R. Wilson.....	114	115	229
W. E. Dunn.....	112	117	229
J. J. Meyer.....	104	101	205
E. B. Tufts.....	112	109	221
R. J. C. Wood.....	116	108	224
M. S. Severance.....	116	108	224
R. H. H. Chapman.....	117	106	223
C. D. Cheeseman.....	123	118	241
W. H. Holliday.....	116	119	235
M. L. Graft.....	131	126	257
A. H. Braly.....	115	114	229
P. R. Hunt.....	117	119	236
Dr. E. A. Bryant.....	135	130	265
J. F. Sartori.....	107	105	212
H. P. Anderson.....	117	115	232
Sheldon Borden.....	126	112	238
H. H. Henderson.....	127	119	246
A. H. Morlan.....	125	115	240
H. Nicoll.....	115	112	227
F. W. Burnett.....	130	119	249
H. C. Turner.....	126	116	242
N. W. Myrick.....	133	128	261
W. Cosby.....	106	110	216
C. Henderson.....	127	127	254
E. W. Jones.....	136	119	255
P. Lyon.....	136	127	263
H. W. Vail.....	112	109	221
F. Stevenson.....	131	133	264
F. Henderson.....	141	135	276
A. C. Balch.....	132	127	259
E. E. Braly.....	121	123	244
J. W. Ruthven.....	121	124	245
W. S. Porter.....	126	134	260
J. G. Mossin.....	124	134	258
H. W. Vail.....	112	109	221
P. R. Hunt.....	117	119	236
F. P. Rust.....	115	115	230
G. Holterhus.....	138	138	276
A. H. Crutcher.....	132	132	264

The following sixteen players qualified for the club championship competition, which will be decided by match play, at eighteen holes, the final thirty-six holes, the drawings to be made today:

First Round	Second Round	Handicap	Net
Hugh May.....	97	105	202
E. B. Tufts.....	104	101	205
E. D. Silent.....	110	100	210
J. F. Sartori.....	107	105	212
A. W. Bumiller.....	102	113	215
W. Cosby.....	106	110	216
Jack Jevne.....	106	111	217
R. J. C. Wood.....	112	109	221
M. S. Severance.....	116	108	224
R. H. H. Chapman.....	117	106	223
M. E. Flowers.....	109	117	226
J. H. Nicoll.....	115	112	227
P. R. Wilson.....	114	115	229
W. E. Dunn.....	112	117	229
A. H. Braly.....	115	114	229
F. A. Hines.....	116	111	227

The number of entries in the club championship and handicap for women was thirteen, only ten of whom were able to play yesterday, with the following result:

First Round	Second Round	Handicap	Net
Mrs. A. C. Balch.....	61	64	125
Mrs. J. W. Bowers.....	80	60	120
Mrs. A. H. Braly.....	63	61	124
Mrs. J. D. Foster.....	56	65	121
Mrs. F. T. Griffith.....	64	63	127
Mrs. E. D. Silent.....	67	68	135
Mrs. Hugh Vail.....	61	62	123
Mrs. G. McGowan.....	73	72	145
Mrs. H. Fairchild.....	73	73	146
Mrs. W. S. Porter.....	70	72	142
Mrs. Bishop.....	72	71	143
Mrs. O. A. Stevens.....	74	74	148
Mrs. T. D. Conolly.....	74	74	148

The prize winners were as follows: Men's gross score, Hugh May; men's handicap, first prize, E. D. Silent; second prize, Jack Jevne; men's century cup, Jack Jevne; ladies' gross score, Mrs. A. H. Braly; ladies' handicap, first prize, Mrs. A. C. Balch; second prize, Mrs. J. H. Bowers.

## The B'dway—The Busy Store.

There's no use worrying—we'll be the lowest—absolutely and everlastingly.

## Anita Cream FREE TODAY

We believed this article had merit. We made a test of it, presuming the manufacturer would uphold the standard, but each day they kept reducing the value of their boasted production until their opinion has decided us of its intrinsic value. We shall, therefore, give away the balance we have on hand with a 5c purchase of chewing gum, believing the chewing gum is of the greater value.

## Note These Other Startling Friday Bargains.

Another day for thanksgiving.

**\$1.50 Silks 39c.**  
Yes, they are remnants, but you get them home, your neighbors wouldn't know but that they were cut from the piece.  
Taffetas, Surrahs, Satins, Silk Brocades, Indias, etc.  
Take your choice of values up to \$1.50 for but  
**39c yd.**  
**Child's Cloaks**  
2 Bargain Friday Chances.  
One of German Eiderdown, in red, brown or gray, trimmed with fur and lined throughout. **48c**  
Another of Ruffe Eiderdown, with cape trimmed with Angora fur, a deep sailor collar and satin lining. **\$1.98**

**Great Sale of Shoes.**  
The Broadway Department Store  
Broadway corner Fourth Los Angeles.

**World-beaters for Overcoats**



**\$9.65**  
For Men's \$12.50 heavy cheviot suits.  
For Men's \$12.50 Scotch cheviot suits.  
For Men's \$12.50 English tweed suits.  
For Men's \$12.50 Scotch cheviot suits.  
For Men's \$12.50 heavy cheviot overcoats.  
The above values challenge all competition.

**Boys' Long Pants Suits.**  
Sizes 14 to 19 years, in single and double-breasted styles, in natty checks, plaids and dark mixtures, strongly lined, splendidly trimmed and made, suits that as a matter of fact sell elsewhere for \$7; our special price. **\$4.95**

**Boys' Finest Long Pants Suits.**  
In the most stylish fabrics, in all wanted colors and patterns, and the reliable black English Clay Worsteds perfectly tailored, correct fitting, single and double-breasted sack styles, sizes 14 to 19 years worth \$15.00. **\$9.65**

J. L. Todd, first; time 1:08 1/4; A. C. Muff, second; F. B. Rogers third; Earle Le Moine, fourth.  
Second heat—Tommy Morris, first; time 1:07; James Hood, second; third heat—H. F. Messmore, first; time 1:07 1/2; F. Y. Pearne, second; F. Florentin, third.  
Final—James L. Todd, first; time 1:07 1/2; H. F. Messmore, second; in this race Earl Le Moine, H. F. Messmore and James Hood also started, but fell. These were the only falls of the evening.  
**MILE OPEN PROFESSIONAL.**  
First heat—Clem Turville, first; time 2:15; W. B. Vaughn, second; R. D. Mussey, third.  
Second heat—W. G. Furman, first; time 2:15 3/4; A. D. Tompkins, second; third heat—Fritz Lacy, second; J. W. Austin, third.  
Final—W. G. Furman, first; time 2:13 3/4; Clem Turville, second; Iver Lawson, third.  
**MILE AMATEUR HANDICAP.**  
First heat—A. C. Muff, first; time

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## Note These Other Startling Friday Bargains.

Another day for thanksgiving.

**Child's Flannel Petticoats, Friday 9c**  
of heavy 10c flannel—stripes and figures with yokes or bands.  
**Table Oil Cloth worth 20c for 9c**  
5-4 width and the sort that won't crack, but the edges a little rumpled, thus the reduction—See it today.  
**Light Shirting Prints today 3c**  
Stripes, dots and figures, it's our usual 5c goods.  
**10c Linen Huck Towels 5c**  
Some of them were 8 1/2—some 6 1/2—some 10c—bordered, fringed and check; 3 lots; one price today—5c.  
**Yd. Wide Art Denim, 10c worth 15c**  
Fine, heavy quality, in set and floral designs, highly colored.

**The Broadway Department Store**  
Broadway corner Fourth Los Angeles.

**World-beaters for Overcoats**



**\$11.75**  
For Men's \$15 blue serge suits.  
For Men's \$15 unfinished worsted suits.  
For Men's \$15 fancy worsted suits.  
For Men's \$15 heavy worsted overcoats.  
For Men's \$15 fine kersey overcoats.  
For Men's \$15 imported silk lined overcoats.

**Boys' Heavy 2-piece Suits**  
Sizes 3 to 15 years, in plain black, fancy checks and plaids, smaller sizes made with sailor collar, larger sizes made plain double breasted, well lined and substantially built, perfect in fit and of excellent appearance. **\$2.95**  
Worth \$4, now

**Boys' Splendid Winter Suits**  
Sizes 3 to 15 years, in a grand array of this season's latest patterns and colors, in vestee, reefer and plain double breasted styles, smaller sizes, beautifully trimmed. Suits that must give satisfaction. Not one worth less than \$5, some worth \$6 and \$6.50. Our astonishingly low price only **\$3.65**

Brown of Throop was carried from the field with a broken rib in the second heat.  
A "baseball game between Coulter's clerks and a nine from Blackstone's and the Ville de Paris was won by the former; score 22 to 21.  
The Brooklyn defeated the East Sides by 15 to 4, and feel so swelled up that they challenge any club in Southern California. C. E. Barnes, No. 673 Echandia street, is the manager.  
**PHOTOGRAPHS REPRODUCED IN MEDALLION STYLE.**  
For any regular subscriber The Times offers to reproduce in medallion style photographs for from 45 to 50 cents according to style of medallion. Samples may be seen at the office of The Times, corner First and Broadway.  
**DO WHAT YOU CAN.**  
The Good Samaritan. Remember the needy. Save your cast-off clothing, beds, bedding or stoves for poor families of the city. A request is also made for shoes and clothing for poor children. Drop a card to Fred Vrigstad, the "Good Samaritan" (formerly Capt. Frazer) at No. 133 East Seventh street, and any thing you have to donate will be called for.

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## Note These Other Startling Friday Bargains.

Another day for thanksgiving.

**Furs Today. 1.29 Baltic Sea Boa.**  
36 in. long, with 10 tails and a pretty head, lined with satin, either black or red, reduced from 1.75.  
**3.19 Stone Martin Boa.**  
38 in. long, with 8 tails; was 5.69.  
**2.39 Electric Seal Boa.**  
38 in. long, with 6 Siberian tails and head on each end.  
**6.48 Electric Seal Collarette**  
New cut, with long front, large Siberian tails, satin lined and six inch storm collar.  
**Dress Skirts Today.**  
**89c** For black figured Brillantine, lined, bound, and with finished seams; you pay double this for it usually.  
**3.48** For Crepon Skirt, with new pleated habit, back lined, bound with water-proof binding and finely finished.

**Men's Hats at Factory Prices.**  
Samples—Every conceivable shape and shade, and style. Newest and nobbiest to be had—and while they last you'll get a hat for about half its value.  
**\$1.98** For Boys' \$2.50 wool suits. Reelers, vests and regular double breasted—well made, neat and nobby.  
**69c** For Men's \$1 Underwear heavy ribbed v-cuna wool garments, silk front, lock and covered seams.  
**37c** For Men's 50c underwear, heavy natural grey wool mixed, soft finish, mohair bound.  
**12c** For Men's Hose, heavy wool mixed in blue and silver grey, rib top and white heel and toes.  
**25c** For Men's Work Shirt of strong white and black stripe duck—all sizes—come Friday.

**The Broadway Department Store**  
Broadway corner Fourth Los Angeles.

**World-beaters for Overcoats**




**\$14.85**  
For Men's \$20.00 worsted suits.  
For Men's \$20.00 English melton overcoats.  
For Men's \$20.00 Kersey overcoats.  
For Men's \$20.00 fancy back overcoats.

**Boys' Long Pants Suits.**  
Sizes 14 to 19 years, in single and double-breasted styles, in natty checks, plaids and dark mixtures, strongly lined, splendidly trimmed and made, suits that as a matter of fact sell elsewhere for \$7; our special price. **\$4.95**

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In the most stylish fabrics, in all wanted colors and patterns, and the reliable black English Clay Worsteds perfectly tailored, correct fitting, single and double-breasted sack styles, sizes 14 to 19 years worth \$15.00. **\$9.65**

A disorderly house on First street, east of Alameda, was raided last night by the police, and the keeper and eight inmates were locked up charged with disturbing the peace. For some time the neighbors have complained of the noisy actions of the frequenters of the place, and last night when the piano-pounding and ribald singing were loudest, Officers Sawyer and Robbins entered and arrested the occupants. The names they gave were: J. Lindsey, keeper, O. Lindsey, Charles Richards, Harry Hall, Austin R. Hall, James Williams, E. Culp, J. A. Seck and Mrs. J. A. Seck.  
**Entrance Without Examination.**  
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA. Nov. 30—Friday, December 1, will be the last day on which principals of high schools and academies can file applications to be placed on the credit list of the University of California, a place on which permits the graduates of such schools to enter the university upon recommendation of the principal without examination.





**SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES**

Full particulars, together with catalogues, circulars, etc., of universities, colleges and private schools advertised in these columns can be had free of charge by calling at the **TIME FREE INFORMATION BUREAU**, 412 TIMES BUILDING, COR. FIRST AND BROADWAY.

212 W. Third St. Tel. Black 2651.

day in book-keeping, shorthand, typewriting and telegraphy. College-trained and experienced teachers. Best equipped Business College Rooms West of Chicago. This is the only school in the city that has the right of using the Budget, or Voucher System of Book-keeping. Come and see it. Our students have the advantage of Spanish, German and French. Lou V. Chapin, Counselor at Law. It will cost you nothing to investigate the merits of our school before going elsewhere. Night school classes on Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday nights. Call, write or phone.

**WOODBURY**  
*Business College*

time. It can do, and does do, the most for its graduates. The finest and best adjusted business and telegraph departments, and the best

**The Brownsberger**  
**Home School**  
903 S. Broadway. Tel. White 4871.  
Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Penmanship and English branches. Four experienced teachers. Only individual instruction. Day and evening sessions. Good machines furnished pupils free at their homes. The largest school of the kind on the Coast. Diploma on graduation.

manager. Fifth annual catalogue mailed free. Visitors take Westlake traction cars.

*The Williams*  
*Business College*

Pasadena. Individual instruction in book-keeping, penmanship, correspondence, commercial law, short-hand, typewriting. Terms low. Best standing.

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**The Los Angeles School of  
Dramatic Art.**

1918-22-24-26 South Grand Avenue. Boarding and Day School. Miss Alice K. Parsons, B. A., Miss Jeanne W. Dennen, Principals.

**St. Matthews School for Boys**  
SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA  
Founded A. D. 1896. Full information furnished upon application to REV. EDWARD W. MEANY, 2102 Oak street, Los Angeles.

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**SUPPOSED SUICIDE.**

BODY FOUND IN A TREE NEAR OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE.  
Word was received at the Police Station yesterday evening from a student of Occidental College that a body had been found hanging from a tree near the campus.

The police communicated with the Coroner, and Deputy Strubel went out

sulicide removed to the undertaking establishment of John R. Paul in East Los Angeles. The man was found hanging to a live oak tree about forty yards from the Santa Fé track. The rope used was slightly larger than clothes line, and had been doubled. The body was hanging to a limb about ten feet from the ground, and the supposed suicide is thought to have occurred about noon, as the breast of the man was still warm.

of the clothing seems to indicate that the man was a laborer.

**DEER MEAT MAY BE DEAR.**  
PROSECUTION OF VENISON EATERS IS PROBABLE.

Dan Jerrue, who keeps a saloon on Spring street opposite the Los Angeles Theater, received by express on the 19th inst., the carcass of a deer. The

Archie Freeman, Col. Morehouse and other friends, who have since reveled in choice steaks and jerked deer meat.

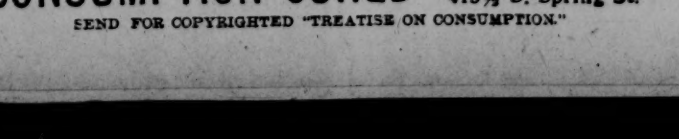
The State law is said to impose a penalty of from \$20 to \$500 upon the possessor of deer meat between January 1 and December 1 of any year.

MRS. WEBB'S Soap nourishes and feeds the skin and scalp, while other soaps dry it out.

from 50 to 100 per cent. on shipping goods.



**BURKE BROS.**  
432 South Spring St.  
**PERFECT FITTING**  
**GOWNS AND SUITS**  
Call and See. **J. KORN.** 348 S. Broadway.



**MUNYON'S** cold cure is invaluable and should be in every home. It will cure colds in the head or elsewhere promptly and surely. Munyon's Remedies—a separate cure for each disease—for sale at all druggists. If in doubt, write direct to Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch. street.

the party, and the other materialize, although quite a number of members of Canton Orion P. M., O.O.F., were present in uniform in addition to the division. The hall was elaborately decorated for the occasion.

**INDIAN CARNIVAL, PHOENIX, ABIZ.**  
December 4 to 8. The Santa Fe will sell excursion tickets at \$20.90 for round trip, December 2 and 4.



## THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. Q. OTIS, President and General Manager.  
 HARRY CHANDLER, Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.  
 L. E. HARTMAN, Managing Editor. MARIAN OTIS CHANDLER, Secretary.  
 ALBERT M. PARLAND, Treasurer.

## The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday. Every Morning in the Year. Founded Dec. 4, 1881. Eighteenth Year.

NEWS SERVICE.—Full Associated Press Night Report, covering the globe, from 12.30 to 2.30 a.m. daily.  
 TERMS.—Daily and Sunday, 75 cents a month, or \$9.00 a year; Daily without Sunday, \$7.50 a year; Sunday, \$2.00. Magazine Section only, \$2.50; Weekly, \$4.50.

SWORN CIRCULATION.—Daily net average for 1890, 18,091; Daily net average for 1891, 19,258; Daily net average for 1892, 20,413.

TELEPHONE.—Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor, Main 29; Editorial Rooms, third floor, Main 27; City Editor and local news room, second floor, Main 674.  
 ADVERTISING.—General Agents, Williams & Lawrence, No. 81, 82, Tribune Building, New York; 87 Washington street, Chicago. Washington Bureau, 46 Post Building.

Offices: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as mail matter of the second class.

## AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES.—Why Smith Left Home.  
 ORPHEUM. Vaudeville.  
 BURBANK. What Happened to Jones.

## TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

The Times offers a reward of \$10 in cash for the apprehension, arrest and evidence which leads to conviction of any person caught stealing copies of The Times from the premises of subscribers.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

## THE SILVERITES' CONVENTION.

It was to have been expected, as a matter of course, that the convention of so-called Silver Republicans, which has just concluded its sittings at Chicago, would decide to go in for fusion with the Democratic party in the coming Presidential campaign. As a matter of fact, the "Silver Republican" party was never anything more than a sort of Democratic annex. In the nature of things it can never be anything else, and all its pretensions to party independence are sentimental and fraudulent. These "Silver Republicans" line up in the Democratic ranks, not because of any bond of sympathy or of principle between them and the Democratic party, but chiefly because of their desire to injure the Republican party, and secondarily, through the cohesive power of possible political plunder. If, by any mischance of Providence, the Democratic party should be successful in the next Presidential campaign, these silverite faddists would be ready, not only to claim their proportionate share of the plunder, but to claim credit for the victory as well, and to insist upon receiving the lion's share of the spoils. The "Silver Republicans" are only human, and as a matter of course, they have some failings; but overweening modesty is not one of their shortcomings. They will claim everything in sight if given half a chance to do so.

The decision of the "Silver Republican" convention to hold a national convention, simultaneously with those of the Democratic and Populist parties, but to put no ticket in the field, is an object lesson of "weakness." It is, in fact, tantamount to a decision to disband and to go out of the business of politics. If this so-called party were strong enough to make any appreciable impression upon national politics, it would be strong enough to place a ticket of its own in nomination in the campaign of 1900. The farce of holding a "national convention" will probably be gone through with, but it will mean nothing, and those who participate in this farcical performance would better save their money and their breath; for their proceedings will not add one vote to the Democratic ticket, nor take one vote from the Republican ticket. Every person who consents to ally himself with this movement would vote the Democratic ticket in any event, if no such thing had ever been thought of as the "Silver Republican" party.

All who participate in this movement are Democrats at heart, and are at enmity with Republican policies and principles. It is well for the Republican party that they have resolved to separate themselves distinctly and unequivocally from the party. The next thing they should do is to drop the word "Republican" from the political title or designation which they affect. They have no right whatever to the name, in any event, and it is a piece of gross dishonesty for them to continue to use it.

The Republican party is stronger and better for being rid of these barnacles and impostors, who masquerade under false colors, and assume political virtues which they do not and never did possess. No political party can afford to truckle to traitorous factions and false friends who make professions of allegiance and good will. The wisest and the safest course is to drum the traitors out of camp upon the first manifestation of their treason, and to take good care that they do not return until they come back as penitents, bringing forth fruits meet for repentance.

It is certainly refreshing to learn that the northwestern millers, who make flour, are responsible for the present complications regarding the tariff on Jamaica fruits. It is now the proud privilege of the fruit men of California to get in and do some money business with the tariff on flour in order to get even with these gentlemen who are so handy in interfering with their neighbors' business. The northwestern millers may be made to be sorry they ever stirred up the animals.

According to the Emporia Gazette, this is what's the matter with Kansas: "Mr. Barber and his bride are in town today. She has a red lining in her dress and a purple petticoat, and he is wearing orange-colored kid gloves on a day like this. This is love! This is love!" We should say not, altogether; it is more or less an indication that prosperity is abroad in Kansas, owing to the big corn crop and the McKinley administration.

## THE LAFAYETTE DOLLAR.

The Lafayette Memorial Commission, from its office in Chicago, gives notice that within a few days there will be struck at the United States mint in Philadelphia a new Lafayette dollar authorized by Congress in aid of the Lafayette Monument. This handsome coin bears upon its face in bas relief a double medallion of the heads of Washington and Lafayette, and upon its reverse a miniature reproduction of the equestrian statue of Lafayette used for the monument. The dollar bears this inscription: "Struck in commemoration of monument erected by school youth of the United States to General Lafayette, Paris, France, 1900." The first coin to be struck, of the 50,000, will be presented by President McKinley to President Loubet of France. Price fixed on the coins is 92 cents. Students of schools and colleges who wish coins should, it is suggested, combine their orders in local banks. Inquiries and subscriptions for coins should be addressed to Robert J. Thompson, secretary, in care of American Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago. The Lafayette dollar will serve to form a new tie between the two great republics of Europe and America, and the limited number issued will make these coins extremely rare and in great demand, as but one will be issued to each 1500 of our population.

## THE PAPER TRUST.

A concerted effort will be made at the coming session of Congress, on behalf of the newspaper publishers of the country, to secure the repeal of the present duty on wood-pulp and printing paper. The arguments which can and will be advanced in support of the action desired are numerous and convincing. The probabilities are that the movement for the repeal of these duties will be successful. That it ought to succeed, there is little room for doubt.

In the first place, there is apparently no longer any need for the maintenance of these duties, however pressing may have been the need for them when they were first imposed. The manufacturers of paper in the United States are able to compete with any and all foreign manufacturers of the same commodity, and are, in fact, exporting large quantities of their product annually to foreign countries. It is stated upon apparently good authority, that if it were not for the import duties imposed by foreign countries, our paper manufacturers could enter those markets and virtually control them, so superior are our methods of manufacture, and the quality of our product.

In the second place, it is claimed, and with apparent truth, that the tariff which imposes upon imported paper and wood pulp, by shutting out foreign competition, fosters a grievous monopoly, in the form of the American Paper Trust, and that if the tariff were removed, it would be impossible for that monopoly to maintain its present autocratic power, which is felt most seriously by the newspaper publishers of the whole country, chiefly in the way of high prices for their raw material—white paper.

A great deal of light is thrown on this whole matter in the "Brief in Favor of Free Paper and Free Pulp," submitted to the Anglo-American Joint High Commission, on December 27, 1893, by the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. The brief was signed in behalf of 157 daily newspapers, and some of its principal points were as follows:

"The present tariff rate on printing paper, unbleached, sized, or glazed, suitable for books and newspapers, valued at not above 2 cents per pound, is 3-10 of a cent per pound, or 30 per cent. The tariff rate on mechanically-ground wood pulp is 1-12 of a cent per pound, or 8.33 per cent. Our spruce-wood supply is limited. We, therefore, urge that the commission should take advantage of the present opportunity, and immediately secure a sufficient supply of spruce freed from tariff complications.

"The trust, in furtherance of its policy of stifling competition and controlling prices, has increased its timber holdings, and that ownership is more than sufficient to give it a wood supply for a long period of years on present production. There are no cottons of Manila paper powers beyond the control of the trust, so that all that might be done in the United States toward the enlistment of capital, the development of new enterprises, or the conversion of Manila mills to news, or the extension of pulp or sulphite mills to news production, would be inconsiderable in comparison with the wiping out of the duty on paper and the opening of Canada to our relief.

"The enlightened policy of New York and other States in protecting forests should be encouraged by putting Canadian pulp and paper on the free list. If consideration be given by the commissioners to the inflated securities issued upon the trust paper mills, then consideration should also be given to the capital invested in newspapers, which represents at least twenty times the capital actually invested in the paper mills. If the commissioners feel that the labor employed in the paper mills ought to be protected, then we submit that the labor

employed in the newspapers affected by this tariff, numbering forty times the force employed in the paper mills, should also be considered.

"While the enlistment of capital in American enterprises may exercise a slightly deterrent influence on the paper trust, the effect cannot be material, because the trust owns the largest and best powers in localities where spruce wood is cheap, and from which transportation is prompt and cheap. A successful and energetic competition cannot be maintained within the United States. The outside mills that do or can make paper are not equipped for the economical manufacture of news paper. We must look to Canada and the foreign countries where ground wood pulp can be produced at a cost of \$750 per ton, and where news paper can be produced for a cent per pound. Free paper is, therefore, the only strong and permanent assurance of protection from this combination.

"The duty on paper stops cheap books and cheap newspapers. It taxes intelligence, because the newspapers are the people's school and library. All taxes upon paper are taxes upon reading and knowledge, upon the dissemination of information. Under any government such a tax would be oppressive and proscription. In a government based, as ours is, upon the intelligence and resultant virtue of the people, it is anomalous and monstrous. When this is done or proposed simply to add to the profits of a monopoly, the injury to public interests becomes a matter demanding the intervention of the government."

If it be true, as claimed, that the duty on wood pulp and paper is responsible, in whole or in part, for the paper monopoly, the duty should unquestionably be repealed at the earliest possible moment. It is one of the cardinal principles of the Republican policy of tariff protection that a duty should be maintained only so long as it is protective in its nature and results, and that in no case should the tariff be made the instrument of oppression or wrong. The friends of tariff protection may properly repeal these duties, and should do so promptly if it be found, after a careful investigation of the whole matter, that the facts are as stated by those who are pressing for repeal.

But, it is hardly necessary to say, no action in the direction of repeal should be taken at the instance or behest of those political demagogues who are inveighing against the duty for political purposes only. This question is not in any sense a political one, and all efforts to make it so will result disastrously, in the end, upon those who are guilty of such cheap demagoguery.

The question of repealing this duty, like all other tariff questions, is one of business expediency, pure and simple, and it should be considered by Congress on that basis alone. This is the whole case in a nutshell.

Mr. Goebel of Kentucky is prepared to sympathize with Aguinaldo as one of the defeated, although he does not yield any more gracefully to the inevitable than does the young and swiftly-flying dictator, who is now cogitating somewhere in the fastnesses of Luzon upon the penalty of biting off more than one can chew. Mr. Goebel has been clearly beaten, on the face of the returns, and is depending upon writs of injunction and other behind-the-scenes methods to secure an office to which he was not elected by voters of the State of Kentucky. It is evident that Mr. Goebel will fail to accomplish the feat of counting himself into the Governorship of his State as Aguinaldo has found it impossible to fight his way into the dictatorship of the Philippines.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press mentions the promulgation by Gov. Leary of Guam of an order requiring each citizen to own at least eight chickens and a sow, and says: "If extended over the United States, it would smash the beef trust and the egg combine." What connection there can be between sows and the beef trust our esteemed contemporary doesn't explain. They must have different names for things up in Minnesota.

It seems to be clear that the California delegation in Congress has commenced to go the rounds of the departments in Washington looking to the conservation of the best interests of the peerless gem in the galaxy of States. There are many things which California wants, and the Congressman who uses the efforts necessary to get them for us certainly has no sin on his conscience.

The country rejoices to learn that the President and Admiral Dewey, through their large-hearted generosity, have made it possible for the son of the gallant Capt. Gridley to secure a position in the navy. The act of these two great men has fastened another hook of steel to the bonds of affection which hold both of them close to the hearts of their countrymen.

Now that that Fort Scott walking delegate is in jail, it does not so much matter what kind of a jail he is in; even the disesteemed incarcerated appears to agree to that. As for his associate walking delegates who are attempting to bulldoze the court, we have an idea that they have bit off a mouthful which they will find difficult to swallow.

Out of 16,000 carloads of oranges, to be shipped from the State this year, the northern citrus belt will ship about eight hundred. It would still appear to be quite evident that the belt has not shifted on the supply waist of fair California, to any great extent.

Let us hope that Mr. Roberts and his case will not serve to hang up consideration of the canal case which just now strikes the country as being of more moment than a whole mormonry full of wives.

Lord Methuen appears to agree with Gen. Grant that war means kill, and he goes straight at the enemy in front with the determination to smash him or get smashed.

It is probably not expedient to pay attention to Erving Winslow, secretary

of the Anti-Imperialist League, who has sent out an insolent and treasonable greeting to the President of the United States, yet that measly individual deserves to be trailed and flogged at the end of a cart or ducked in a horse trough for his impudence.

Gen. Leonard Wood says Cuba is tranquil, and we would as soon have his word for it as that of the most expert liar of yellow journalism that ever told a whopper.

The smash-up on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Road at Paterson, N. J., gives Mr. Kruttschnitt opportunity to say that there are other cycles.

Alaska is clamoring for Statehood. She probably feels that although possessing a somewhat cool climate, it isn't right to freeze her out of the Union.

Having failed of their opportunity to strike before Buller's forces came up, it appears likely that the Boers will now be called upon to strike out for the rear.

The President may have a Congress on his hands, but let's not lose sight of the fact that Congress has a Roberts on its hands, and he is bither a plenty.

Gen. Joe Wheeler shows that he is determined to stay on the firing line by announcing his early return to take his seat in Congress.

It appears entirely probable that if the Governor of Utah should appoint that Cannon to a seat in the Senate, he will be fired.

We all had reason to be thankful yesterday that we are not horses on an army transport en route to the Philippines.

The Silver Republicans will flock where they did in 1896, but even then it won't be much of a flock.

## The Playhouses.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE. George H. Broadhurst's comedy "Why Smith Left Home," has been applied to some one—probably Mr. Broadhurst himself—"a gleeful platitude." The expression is a happy one, for of all the modern-day comedies yet created by American playwrights we can call to mind not one that is more clever and more potential in starting the ready laugh. This is one of the few comedies which are so happy in its lines and situations as to be really laughable when presented at the hands of ordinary players, but when there is brought to its production so well-balanced a company as the one which appeared at the Los Angeles yesterday afternoon and last night, the laughing success is notable.

Like the other Broadhurst play now being presented to local audiences, "Why Smith Left Home" is as wholesome in its mirthfulness and diverting spirit as it is happy in its lines and situations, and, although the play is in its second season here, it has shown its capacity to sustain the interest of the theatregoer in its comedy, a rare feature in comedy play writing. If we mistake not, this is Mr. Broadhurst's first comedy, and it is encouraging to know that his subsequent efforts have proven that America has in this gentleman, a comedy writer who is not unworthy that appellation.

When last seen here, the part of John Smith was presented by Maelyn Arbuckle. Last night John Smith of the cast was Frank Tenen, Jr., a comedian who has many of the characteristics which made Mr. Arbuckle's success. Little room for criticism, and who leaves but little room for criticism in his playing. C. Jay Williams is, as before, the comical German Count, Von Guggenheim, and he has made the part his own. The facility with which he gives the English language a German twist is vastly ludicrous. The part of Countess Billeloux is again cleverly presented by Eugene Redding, and Nellie Maskell is his strong-minded wife, whom Smith happily terms "an aunt by birth and a mother-in-law by instinct. Rose Hubbard as Julia, the maid who has an exquisite touch, makes a delightful appearance, and plays the part with infinite tact and neat discretion. Bella Chamberlain as Elsie has but little to do, but she sings two ballads of splendid quality. The contralto voice of splendid quality. The contralto voice of splendid quality. The contralto voice of splendid quality.

Rose Walton and Carina Jordan as Mrs. John Smith, prove themselves thoroughly competent and pleasing comedians. Lizzie May Ulmer as the "cook lady," Lavinia Daly, the Celtic kitchen boss, who is secretary of the cooks' union, does some delightful comedy work, not on so broad lines as did Annie Yeamans, who created the part, but it is nevertheless thoroughly good. The part of the waiter, Roberts as Maj. Duncombe, and Gardner as Mr. Walton, serve to fill out the very acceptable cast which is every way calculated to give a goodly portion of the American people "Why Smith Left Home."

There was a fine audience last night, and the play was most enjoyably entertained. The piece will be presented again tonight and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

## PERSONAL.

E. J. Hawlett and wife of Pomona are in the city.  
 H. E. Doolittle, Esq., of San Diego, is at the Van Nuys.  
 D. W. Hopson of Bulon, B. C., is staying at the Westminster.

D. G. Wilson, a cattle-owner of Los Angeles, N. M., is at the Holbeck.  
 Alex. Walde, an insurance man of Santa Paula, is at the Westminster.  
 H. Houser, a prominent merchant of Ash Fork, Ariz., is at the Holbeck.

N. Blackstock, a prominent citizen of Los Angeles, is staying at the Holbeck.  
 Joe Barrett, a New Mexico ranch owner, and his wife, are staying at the Holbeck.  
 Judge Thomas O. Toland of the Superior Court, Ventura, is in the city. He is staying at the Van Nuys.

M. M. Doremus and Miss M. K. Doremus of Montclair, N. J., touring through California, are at the Rosslyn.  
 J. Harrison Wright of Riverside is at the Van Nuys. Mr. Wright owns several large orchards near his home city.

T. Urruela, a wealthy merchant of San Francisco, accompanied by his wife and her maid, are at the Van Nuys.  
 James C. Hart, a retired capitalist of Montreal, Canada, with his wife, Mrs. M. C. Weldon, will spend the winter here, and have located at the Rosslyn.

## CLEVER SCHEME.

## TO CIRCUMVENT THE LAW.

## INSIDE HISTORY OF TRANSFERS OF B. AND O. STOCK.

Merely a Ruse of Financial Giants to Get Around the Provisions of the Anti-Pooling Law—Combine Will Have an Absolute Claim on Railroad Traffic in Several States.

[A. P. EARLY A. M. REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The Herald says: "Quietly but surely there has been built up by the financial giants who control the trunk line railroads a traffic deal which will be able to get around the law against pools and yet accomplish all of the purposes of a pool and enable them to secure profitable rates to all of the interested companies. 'It was the knowledge that this traffic deal is about to be put into operation, and the fact that the Baltimore and Ohio was to be operated in harmony with Pennsylvania and New York Central interests that gave rise to the report that the first-named company had been acquired by the Pennsylvania Railroad.'

'Denials are made that the Baltimore and Ohio has been acquired by either the Erie, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Ontario and Western Reading, Lehigh Valley, New Jersey Central and Chesapeake and Ohio, are controlled in the interests of Messrs. Morgan and Vanderbilt, and there is no danger of a disturbance from these companies.'

Rapid strides have been made in arranging details of the big traffic deal which, to all intents and purposes, is to be a pool of the most ironclad character, but regulated by a coterie of financiers and railroad officials.

"On January 1 more than 90 per cent. of all of the commodity tariffs will be abolished, and in addition there will be some signs of a general reduction in freight rates. On that date there will also be a readjustment of the import business which will put an end to the disturbance of international trade and prevent steamship companies from destabilizing the railroad rates."

"After January 10 the percentages on the trunk line railroads will be lived up to more strictly than ever before, and all agents and traffic managers will be held to strict account for carrying rates. These rules apply to west-bound freight business, and for some time agents have been working under instructions not to deviate from the existing tariffs on any account whatever."

"Among the significant advances in rates on January 1 will be those on sugar and coffee, the former of which constitutes one of the largest articles of freight shipped out of New York. For a long time the sugar men have been credited with ability to secure favors from the railroads in the shape of commodity rates."

"The advance on sugar and coffee will amount to 20 per cent. of the present rates. The new tariff will consist in raising the classification of these articles from sixth to fifth class, making the rate 30 instead of 25 cents from New York to Chicago."

"As showing how far the trunk line railroads are already engaged in pooling without being disturbed by the law, mention may be made of the fact that the grain traffic coming to Buffalo and brought to the seaboard by the railroad has been pooled some time past, and the anthracite coal traffic also pooled by the same several companies. The trunk line railroads control all of the important line of steamers of the lakes and the lake lines in turn operate canal and lake lines."

"It is not generally known that the bulk of the west-bound canal and lake business is controlled by the lake lines and that during the last season, it has been impossible for any independent boat man to cut rates and make anything out of the business. The reason of this is that if an independent boat man reduced the true rate, the lake line with whom he dealt would reduce his rate to the same amount as the price of their haul at the western end. Many of the boat men, rather than submit to such dictation, have left the business, and the lake and dispatch lines at so much per trip. The result was that the canal and lake rate was kept up to a higher figure than the railroads quoted in the freight tariff, and the result was that the railroads had the control of the entire lake traffic. The canal rate kept up about 35 cents throughout the season."

"With the grain traffic, anthracite coal traffic and canal and lake traffic under the domination of the trunk lines, and with three or four financiers in control of the entire trunk line situation, the way is now clear for the domination of the trunk lines business of the eastern roads."

"The men who have this scheme in hand foresee possibilities of efforts on the part of the authorities to make trouble and to charge them with violating the anti-trust law on the ground of running a pool. They will be prepared for this in every way, and in the first place they will hold that no traffic association exists among the trunk lines, and they will defy the authorities to find one."

"Hence, they will say, there is no outward sign of a pool. The steps which have been taken to destroy signs of pooling are significant. The committee of the Joint Traffic Association which has in hand the duty of maintaining the affairs of the association after it was declared to be illegal by the United States Supreme Court, has just taken the last steps to extinguish the remains of that organization."

"Notices were sent out two days ago that all of the furniture in the rooms of the Joint Traffic Association would be sold and the lease of the rooms which runs until May 1, will be disposed of. After December 31 all of the employees of the association will have been dismissed. As for the Trunk Line Association, the president of one of the roads has said that it has ceased to act as an association or to handle any traffic matters, and it is now nothing more than a bureau. It keeps its records, but does not legislate in regard to rate matters concerning the various railroads. In a word, it does nothing. Henceforth the traffic officials will not take any united action unless some law shall be passed permitting the railroads to transact business as an association."

"The work of deciding what commodity tariffs should be abolished was done by committees of the interested roads, purely as committees of the roads and not of any association, and all the business that is now transacted goes on under the guise of a gentlemen's agreement, without any apparently binding character so far as outward rules are concerned."

"And yet the agreements that are now made by the heads of the different roads are more strictly maintained than they have been for several years. The orders are given out not from the headquarters of an association, but from the presidents' offices of the several railroads. The 'bureau' which is

maintained at the trunk-line office collects the data of what competitive business is done by each company just as has always been done, and there its work ends.

"The presidents of all the railroads get reports and they can tell at a glance how far ahead or behind they are, compared with the percentages to which they are entitled. There is no more wrangling, however. The three or four financial men who control all of these companies are easily able to straighten out the differences, since they have interests at stake in all of them, and a short conference in the office of any of them takes the place of formal conferences that have been held at trunk-line headquarters."

"The new arrangement applies chiefly to west-bound business. East-bound tariffs cannot be controlled so easily, since the initial lines are in the West and they sometimes make concessions to shippers. It is said, however, that the scheme contemplates the bringing of all kinds of business, both east-bound and west-bound, passenger as well as freight, under the same strict control."

## TRAINMEN HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR ACCIDENT.

## PATERSON HORROR CAUSED BY CARELESSNESS.

Bodies of the Six Dead Fully Identified—Twenty Injured Persons Doing Well—Superintendent Russell Makes a Statement—Story of One of the Passengers.

[A. P. EARLY A. M. REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Six persons were killed almost instantly, and twenty seriously injured in the train wreck at Paterson, N. J., last night, when an accommodation train on the Lackawanna Railway crashed into the rear of the Buffalo express standing near the station.

The engineer on the accommodation train was John Riordan. He stuck to his post. The fireman is said to have jumped just before the locomotive struck the end of the smoker. Riordan escaped practically unhurt. He said that he had seen no danger signal and did not know that the Buffalo train was on the other side of the curve, as it was an hour behind its regular time.

Superintendent Russell of the Lackawanna said that the flagman near the station should have given warning of the approaching train and that Riordan should have seen the red lights on the ends of the Buffalo train in time to avoid the accident. Riordan said that the sharp curve on the road at that point hid the rear red lights on the Buffalo train from view.

When the accident occurred, Riordan signaled the train was not absolutely cleared up last night. Riordan says that he saw no signals. He seems to be a man of no one thought of sending a man down the road beyond the curve to flag the approaching accommodation train, which was running on the main line, and the people at the station must have known it was due. Superintendent Russell of the Lackawanna made this statement:

"Train No. 96, the Phillipsburg accommodation, overtook train No. 6, the Buffalo express, at Dover, and, as it was a flagman who was standing back, it overtook No. 6 again at Lincoln Park, a place a few miles west of Paterson, and No. 6, the Buffalo express, was standing at the station when the accident occurred. Those in charge of train No. 96 were fully cognizant of the proximity of train No. 6."

Notwithstanding this knowledge, train No. 96 seems to have entered Paterson at a careless rate of speed, and to have run into No. 6. I understand that No. 6, which was running on the main line, was a slight increase in minor ailments, owing to the indiscreet indulgence in mince pie and other delicacies which were served in liberal quantities to those on the train. The condition would permit. The different wards and the dining-room were decorated with a profusion of flowers and to many of the poorer passengers the occasion was a memorable one. Oyster soup, roast turkey, with cranberry sauce, and mince pie were the popular items on the bill of fare.

Feast at County Hospital.

One hundred and eighty patients at the County Hospital were served with the usual Thanksgiving dinner yesterday, and the physicians reported last night that there was a slight increase in minor ailments, owing to the indiscreet indulgence in mince pie and other delicacies which were served in liberal quantities to those on the train. The condition would permit. The different wards and the dining-room were decorated with a profusion of flowers and to many of the poorer passengers the occasion was a memorable one. Oyster soup, roast turkey, with cranberry sauce, and mince pie were the popular items on the bill of fare.

## ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

## SIR DAVIES GIVES CANADA'S SIDE OF DISPUTE.

[A. P. EARLY A. M. REPORT.]

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 30.—Sir Louis Davies, Canadian Minister of Marine and Fisheries, speaking at New Glasgow, referred to the Alaskan boundary dispute. He said he had been willing to settle the difference with the United States by a compromise, then by the arbitration were rejected by the Americans. Then he offered Dyce and Skagway, Canada to keep Pyramid Harbor. This also was declined. Further efforts will be made for an amicable settlement.

Sir Louis said that Canada's position had been straightforward and statesmanlike. In the mean time to maintain friendly relations between Great Britain and the United States, a temporary settlement of the dispute had been agreed upon.

## RESIGNATION.

Feed the turkey, Hannah. I have

nothing more to say. I have

About the way things happened to my

side on Election day.

Give him corn and taters an' most

anything he'll eat. I say—

An' let him strut an' gobble in security

complete.

Aln't no use of tryin' to explain how

much I'm vexed.

Election day is over an' Thanksgiving

day is next.

I thought that we'd come marchin' in

like heroes from the front—but

Feed the turkey, Hannah. I have

nothin' more to say.

Feed the turkey, Hannah. Give him

victuals by the peck.

I will have a fellow feelin' when he

gets it in the neck.

Forgetful of the past, I'll satisfy my

inner man.

An' down my keers in gravity as he

trickles from the top of his

We'll never tell the children how their



# The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Nov. 30.—(Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Office.) At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.02, at 10 a.m. 30.02. The thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 49 deg. and 72 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 90 per cent.; 10 a.m., 60 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., north, velocity 1 mile; 10 a.m., north, velocity 3 miles. Maximum temperature, 81 deg.; minimum temperature, 41 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30, 5 p.m.—Weather conditions and general forecast. The following are the seasonal rainfalls to date, as compared with those of same date last season, and rainfall in last twenty-four hours:

Station—	Last twenty-four hours—	Last season—	Season—
Eureka	0.00	20.36	8.10
Red Bluff	0.00	7.02	2.12
Sacramento	0.00	7.71	2.33
San Francisco	0.00	3.53	1.49
Fresno	0.00	0.00	0.00
Independence	0.00	0.00	0.00
San Luis Obispo	0.00	0.00	0.00
Los Angeles	0.00	2.45	0.18
San Diego	0.00	1.23	0.22
Yuma	0.00	0.00	0.00

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 62 deg.; minimum, 50 deg.; mean, 56 deg. Cloudy and threatening weather prevails throughout the northern portion of the Pacific Slope. A storm of considerable energy overtakes British Columbia, rain, accompanied by high wind, has prevailed over Washington, Oregon, along the coast and over the Sound has been heavy. The pressure has generally risen during the last twenty-four hours, but there has been a slight fall in the last twelve hours along the coast. The temperature has fallen over Northern Arizona and remained nearly stationary elsewhere west of the Rocky Mountains. Conditions are favorable for fair weather in the southern half of California and partly cloudy in the northern portion.

Forecast made at San Francisco for thirty hours, ending at midnight, December 1:  
Northern California: Partly cloudy in northern portion, probably with showers along the extreme northern coast; fair in south portion Friday; light, variable winds.  
Southern California: Fair Friday; cooler in western portions; light northeast wind.  
Arizona: Fair Friday.  
San Francisco and vicinity: Partly cloudy Friday; light, variable winds.  
For Sacramento: Partly cloudy Friday.  
Tide Table.—For San Pedro:

Friday, Dec. 1	High	Low
12:31 a.m.	5:56 a.m.	5:56 a.m.
1:00 p.m.	1:27 p.m.	1:27 p.m.
2:00 p.m.	2:00 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
3:00 p.m.	3:04 p.m.	3:04 p.m.
4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
6:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m.

## ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Rialto is short of orange pickers. The Southern Pacific Company is extending its water main from Keene to Caliente.

There is a prospect that a pottery may soon be established at El Cajon to utilize the kaolin clay deposit.

The City Trustees of Hanford have just passed an ordinance regulating the riding of bicycles in the city.

It is rumored that Hanford is to have another newspaper, which will make its appearance early in this month.

Hon. H. J. Budd is in Bakersfield, as a representative of the National Democratic Committee, to raise funds for the campaign of 1900.

The joint committee of the Farmers' Club and Board of Trade of San Jose will meet Saturday to consider means of bringing about a resumption of cattle inspection for tuberculosis.

The Hanford poultry company expects to have 10,000 chickens on the market next spring. The company, which was started only a few months back, had its first hatching of some twelve hundred chickens about a month ago.

Troop F of the Sixth United States Cavalry passed through San Jose Wednesday on their way to winter quarters at the Presidio. They come from the Yosemite, where they have been stationed on guard duty during the summer.

Santa Ana is discussing the question whether women are entitled to vote on the matter of the proposed Willow drainage district. The Board of Supervisors will meet Tuesday to make arrangements for the State convention of fruit-growers to be held in that city December 12 to 16. The last day of the convention is to be devoted to an excursion to Stanford University.

The report on the sewer system projected for Hanford received a combined gravity and pumping irrigation system for disposing of sewage, and fixes the probable cost at \$50,000 for the central district, \$20,000 more to extend the system to corporation limits, this sum not including cost of land.

The citizens of Highland Park and Oak Park, suburbs of Sacramento, are holding a meeting on Monday evening, with the object of starting a movement to induce the Sacramento and San Joaquin Valley Railroad Company to build a depot and switch in their locality and build the road's repair shops at that point.

## CHARGES AGAINST NEWTON.

THE LORD MAYOR MAY RESIGN HIS OFFICE.

(A. P. EARLY A.M. REPORT.) NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from London says that Lord Mayor Newton's attempt to vindicate himself in court on charges of misrepresentation in a company promotion, resulted in placing himself in such an unfavorable light that the general impression is that he will resign from the office, which he only assumed two weeks ago.

Newton, with several others, attempted to float, a year ago, a company called the Industrial Contract Corporation. It had bought property for £17,000 and proposed to sell it to a new company for £45,000. The promoters figured, after paying all expenses, on making £19,000 net profit on the deal.

The specific charge against Newton was that he was both a vender and a director in the new company. In plain words, by concealing the fact that he was a promoter he deceived the men he induced to go into the company with him and thus sold his own property to his own company, which is illegal. The case will be continued next week.

## Output of Philadelphia Mint.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.—The total coinage at the mint during November was \$3,046,070, which represents 19,415,240 separate coins. Of the gold coin, to the value of \$1,608,700, there were 107,420 eagles; 79,300 half-eagles and 1520 quarter-eagles. In silver there was a total of \$1,437,370 coined, 1,142,000 pieces being half dollars, 1119 quarters and 2,340 dimes. The month's coinage of nickels was valued at \$141,500, while 11,357,000 pennies were made.

## A FINE CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

By special arrangement The Times is able to furnish excellent medallions at from 5 to 25 cents, according to style and size, to any person subscribing for The Times. Medallions can be seen at the Times business office. Bring your photo with you. The better the photo, the better the medallion.

EXCURSION TO PHOENIX, ARIZ. December 2 and 3. Round trip, \$20.00, good fifteen days returning. See about it at Santa Fe office.

# MARK FORSLANDER

## "JOEY" CHAMBERLAIN REPLIES TO HIS CALUMNIATORS.

Remarkable Speech Delivered by the Colonial Secretary of State at a Luncheon Given at Leicester.

He Speaks of the Friendly Feeling Between England and America as Being Tantamount to an Alliance.

Suggests Taking Germany into the Anglo-Saxon Union and Thereby Guaranteeing the Peace of the World.

(A. P. DAY REPORT.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in a speech at a luncheon at Leicester today, said that ever since the great split in the Liberal party he had found himself a mark for the slanders and misrepresentations of the "other sort" of politicians, but that he had found compensation in the generous appreciation of the majority of the countrymen.

ANGLO-AMERICAN UNION.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) LONDON, Nov. 30.—Dealing with the attitude of foreign nations, Mr. Chamberlain said in his speech at Leicester today:

"I rejoice, and it is perhaps natural, for I have taken a personal interest in the matter, in the friendly feeling which I hope is now permanent between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race. I have so many friends in the United States, almost as many as I have here, and I can conceive of no greater disaster to the two countries than to find themselves hostile to each other. Yet, I remember, when I first visited America, my surprise and astonishment at the evidence given me by statesmen and in articles in the press of constant suspicion of the objects of Great Britain, constant doubts as to her integrity and a general unfavorable estimate of our prospects and character. Once, addressing a great meeting in Philadelphia, I ventured to say that what we wanted was a new Columbus to set out from the United States to discover the United Kingdom and return to America and tell them something they did not know of the strange character of the inhabitants of these islands. This ill-feeling was due, no doubt, to many causes, and to the fact that the United States has never been at war with any great power but England; due to their traditions, extending over a century; due to a feeling that the sympathy of Great Britain was not with them in their civil war, and to the general belief that the people of Great Britain would see with satisfaction any harm that might befall them."

"It appeared to me almost useless to contradict these mistaken opinions. But what the observations of statesmen could not do was done by the sympathy we were willing to give when the United States found itself the object of suspicion, which has so often accompanied our own transactions when England and engaged in a war of justice against oppression, a war in favor of civilization and good government."

"Our action proved to the Americans that we were, indeed, one people, of the same thoughts and guided by the same principles. The assurance that was given them in the course of the Spanish war will, I believe, never be forgotten, and has placed our relations in an admirable position. The union, the alliance, if you please, the understanding between these two great nations is indeed a guarantee of the peace of the world. But there is something more which I think any far-seeing English statesman must have long desired, that we should not remain permanently isolated from the continent of Europe, and that we should have the opportunity to everybody that the natural alliance is between ourselves and the German empire. We have had our differences, quarrels and contentions, but they have all been about petty matters. Those difficulties have been gradually removed until now I cannot conceive of any point can arise in the immediate future which can bring ourselves and Germany into antagonism of interests. On the contrary, I can foresee clearly the same as Germany's, and in which the understanding of which I have spoken in the case of America, might, if extended to Germany, do more perhaps than any combination of arms to preserve the peace of the world."

## NEW TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

(A. P. DAY REPORT.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.—A new triple alliance between the Teutonic race and the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxons would, said the Colonial Secretary, be a potent influence in the future world.

The speaker explained that he used the word "alliance," but it mattered little whether they had an alliance committed to paper or an understanding which existed in the minds of the statesmen of the representative countries. A determination, in every case, to look for favorable motives upon the part of those with whom friendship was desired would be an enormous advantage to both the nations concerned and others.

Continuing, Mr. Chamberlain said he was deeply gratified that the foreign relations of Great Britain were so satisfactory and asserted that the country owed a debt of gratitude to Lord Salisbury for the great improvement in Great Britain's position. It was especially gratifying, he said, to note the friendly relations existing between the Anglo-Saxon branches, saying that the understanding between the United States and Great Britain was indeed a guarantee of the peace of the world. This statement was greeted with cheers.

It was of the utmost importance, Mr. Chamberlain further remarked, that Great Britain should not remain isolated in Europe, and her natural alliance was with the great German Empire. The interests and sentiments of the two countries were the same, and an understanding between the Teutonic and Anglo-Saxon races might do more than any combination of armies to preserve the peace of the world, which, he asserted, was not governed entirely by interest. Sentiment was one of the greatest factors.

Referring to the attacks of the foreign press, Mr. Chamberlain said these newspapers had not even spared "the almost sacred person of the Queen."

"This," continued the speaker, provoked natural indignation, which may have serious consequences if our neighbors do not mend their ways."

An outburst of cheering greeted this threat of the Colonial Secretary. It was a matter for congratulation, Mr. Chamberlain asserted, that the worst of these disgraceful attacks "did not appear in the German papers."

# Is Friday Unlucky?

Is Friday the unlucky day we try to make it? Of course, its unluckiness to get hung on Friday, but wouldn't it be just as unlucky to get hung on any other day? Of course, if you were to start a new enterprise on Friday and it didn't win, Friday's unluckiness, but suppose you start it on Friday and it wins, how about it? We have been selling our very finest hats for \$3.00, for many days; we've sold lots of 'em. True, they're so strangely like what you see around the country marked SPECIAL at \$1.49 or \$1.87 that a hat expert can't tell them apart. But those special hats may have a prettier label inside the crown than ours. When you see anybody advertising \$3.00 hats at \$1.49 or \$1.87 hats at \$4.79, "look a little out." Our \$3.00 hats are \$3.00; we can't sell them for less and we won't sell them for more, and if they don't keep color and wear as they should, we'll give you a new hat free or \$3.00.

## F. B. Silverwood,

221 and 124 S. Spring St.

## Calendars

The Largest and most Varied Stock ever brought to this city.

## PARKER'S,

246 South Broadway.

(Near Public Library.)

Largest, most varied and most complete stock of books and stationery.



—Eyes examined free.

—Crystal glasses (best) at a pair.

—Every pair, glasses warranted 2 years.

3 prominent features of

my business—successful,

winning features—un-

paralleled advantages.

J. P. DELANY, 309 S. Spring St.

—Examine your eyes.

What must shall be used

for breakfast is an im-

portant question in every

household.

## The Most Satisfactory

To all is Maltzine. Every breakfast food put on the market is generally given a trial in every home, in the hopes that now they have found just what they want. There have been many disappointments, but Maltzine makes up for them all. It is "just what you want."

## MEN'S PATENT LEATHERS

We wish to say a word or two about our new line of patent and enamel leather Men's Shoes at \$4.50. They are the most attractive looking shoes we have ever seen at the price. They are made on all the most popular lasts, and when on the foot cannot be distinguished from a higher priced shoe. Enamel leather is very durable, and with extra heavy soles, are the ideal for street wear. We also have heavy solid patent leathers that make a fine street shoe.

C. M. Staub Shoe Co.,

353 S. BROADWAY.

It is

False Economy

To Save Money

At the expense of your eyesight. Don't put off getting your eyes fitted to glasses until they are ruined. Come to us the minute they begin to bother you. We will test them FREE. Our work is the best to be had and our prices are reasonable.

J. J. Markham, 245 S. Spring

OPTICIAN, Established 1859.

Look for CROWN

Oil Heaters.

House Furnishings

333-234 S. Spring St.

TOYS AND DOLLS

Largest stock, lowest prices at

M. L. FRANK & CO.,

323 S. Spring.

Edward M. Boggs

Civil and Hydraulic Engineering

535 Mission Block, - Los Angeles.

# BOSTON DRY STORE

239 S. Broadway, Opposite City Hall, Los Angeles.

These hosiery items are sure to center attention on our unusually complete line of ladies' and children's hosiery. We offer some remarkable values in

onyx brand hosiery in cotton, lisle thread and cashmere. The below items should serve to point this talk. Every one is special in quality or price, or both.

maco. ladies' line maco cotton hosiery ingrain dye, split soles, at pair, 20c.

lisle. ladies' plain two thread, lisle thread, full sized, at pair, 25c.

cotton and lisle. ladies' fine cotton and lisle thread hosiery, both plain and drop stitch, the best values ever offered at 85c per pair, 3 pair for 1.00.

remember our manufacturer's sample sale of 300 ladies' petticoats today.

Delinquent for December. Yuletide number now in.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE.

Advance Patterns and Glass of Fashion.

## H. JEVNE

Convenient Soups.

Not one cook in a hundred has an accurate knowledge of what constitutes good soup. Often she has not the necessary time to devote to it, the result being a failure. How much easier and more satisfactory it is to have a can of our prepared soup which can be made ready to serve steaming hot in a few minutes. When unexpected company drops in, or for any emergency, the soups are convenient and can be relied upon.

Smoke Jevne's Fine Cigars.

208-210 S. Spring St.—Wilcox Building.

We are Headquarters and Sole Agents for the

Wilson's Air-tight Heaters.

Acknowledged the best constructed, perfectly-working and most economical stove on the market. Be sure you see it before buying.

JAMES W. HELLMAN, 187 to 161 North Spring Street.

## The Great Banquet Sale

Offers the greatest money-saving chances for those who require and demand absolutely pure wines and liquors.

5-yr-old Sherry, Angelica and Muscat

5-year-old Sherry, Angelica and Muscat..... 75c 57c

7-year-old Sherry, Angelica and Muscat..... 1.00 69c

10-year-old Sherry, Angelica and Muscat..... 1.25 87c

15-year-old Sherry, Angelica and Muscat..... 2.00 1.15

12-year-old Port Wine..... 1.25 87c

15-year-old Port Wine..... 1.50 1.15

California Champagne.

Pint Bottles..... 75c 57c

Quart Bottles..... 1.25 87c

Cases, quarts..... 15.00 9.25

Cases, pints..... 16.00 10.00

So. California Wine Co.,

Telephone Main 332. 220 West Fourth Street.

We Are Ready for the Christmas Throngs.

Our large store is full to overflowing with the most elegant line of

Christmas Furniture, Rugs, Etc.

Ever shown on this Coast. All the new styles, shapes and designs are here in large variety. Something for every taste and every purse. Come while the lines are most complete.

Open every Saturday this month until 10 p.m.

W. S. ALLEN, Furniture and Carpets,

345-347 South Spring St.

McCall's Patterns 20c and 25c.

Coulter Dry Goods Store

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Getting the Right Underwear

Is a question of finding the right store. Getting it at the right price is also a question of finding the right store. If we are not mistaken every merchant in town will claim to have the best underwear for the price, and most merchants believe they have really what they claim to have. Certain it is that when it comes to a question of variety, there is no place like Coulter's for the men folks to buy underwear. As far as the price goes we guarantee that, by giving you your money back if you find anything better for the money elsewhere.

Men's underwear, heavy ribbed, fleece lined, cotton underwear, shades of ecru or blue, all sizes of shirts and drawers, per garment 50c.

Men's underwear, the famous Luccini make, nearly all wool, natural gray or fancy pin stripes; these per garment \$1.50.

Men's underwear, the non-shrink, able, delightfully soft and comfortable, electric silk fleece, lighter in weight and warmer than wool; these per garment \$1.50.

The famous Ypsilanti union suits for men, natural gray or shades of blue; put on; comfortable, warm, allowing free movement and perfect motion of the body; \$3.00 and up.

Men's underwear, the famous Stuttgart goods; the underwear product of this little town in Germany is not equaled in the world for quality; we stock all the various grades of the Stuttgart goods from \$2.00 a garment up.

An extra fine wool blanket, white, 11-4 size, assorted colored borders, \$1.50 a pair.

Coulter Dry Goods Co.,

317-325 South Broadway, Between Third and Fourth, Los Angeles, Cal.

UNION BANK OF SAVING S

Pays Interest on Deposits

223 SOUTH SPRING NEXT L.A. THEATRE.

ALHOUSE FRUIT CO.

Rare Good Vegetables

Compare our vegetables with those bought of the Chinamen and the ordinary peddler. The visible difference in quality will make you our customer. We are not limited to few vegetables and the same ones every day. Sugar Peas, Golden Heart Celery, String Beans, Lima Beans, French Artichokes, Flat Dutch or Red Cabbage, Romain Lettuce, etc.

213-215 W. Second St. Tel. M. 398.

BLUE FLAME Oil, Cook and Heating Stoves

Cass & Smurr Stove Company,

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London Clothing

Knowing our goods as

we do, we know you'll

appreciate them. Suits

that will please the most

particular and at the

same time the most

economical man. Boys'

clothes in such variety

and novelty of style

that many mothers

never think of ever

looking elsewhere.

Men's and boys' hats,

hose, underwear and







**Sterling Silver** BANGLE HEARTS  
lar price 25c. Heart Pins, single and  
double, at half price. 1lb; regu-  
W. J. GETZ, Jeweler, 236 S. Broadway.











# BUSINESS.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

**OFFICE OF THE TIMES.**  
Los Angeles, Nov. 30, 1899.  
**THE SOUTH RICH.** The Savannah News calls attention to evidence tending to prove that there is more ready money in the South at the present season than for several years. "Cotton is being held in the interior in quite large amounts. While the crop is considerably smaller than that of last year, not nearly as much cotton is reaching the ports as there did in past years when the crop was larger than it is this year. In past years it was not possible to hold the cotton in the interior, because the banks had not the money to enable them to do so. This year there is plenty of money for that purpose, and it is not borrowed from New York. It is money belonging to the South. The country banks have an abundance of money. Some of them have more money than they can lend in such season as this, and those that want the money to help hold cotton can get it, and do get it, from the city banks."

**COMMERCIAL.**  
**KANSAS CITY BUTTER.** The latest mail reports from Kansas City say: Scarcity of supplies continues to be the feature of the market. Creamery has shown only slight increase in production to tell that the milk flow has begun to enlarge and, not enough to cut any figure in the market. The demand has been good all along and prices on creamery extras advanced 1 cent on Tuesday, rising to 22 cents. Otherwise prices in the butter market show no change this week. There is a gradual but slow increase in the offerings of roll and the quality shows some improvement and this goes to supply demands that the small offerings of creamery leave unfilled. Everything is closely sold up. Packing stock remains quiet.

**BUTTER IN ENGLAND.** Great Britain imports \$50,000,000 worth of butter annually, and to help the United States to get a larger share in this business our agriculture department has been directing certain experimental exports of fine butter during the past year. This work is expected to bring favorable results, says the *Spicer Mill* as the selected American butter has proved highly satisfactory when given a fair trial on the English market. The main obstacle is that previous butter exports from this country have been largely of poor grades, or of butter substituted with this country's cream, and prejudice in the English market against any butter from the States.

**GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.**  
**CIGAR SIZES.** Roughly speaking, cigars run as to size about like this: Beginning with the largest, (1) Perfecto Elegante, (2) Perfecto Fino, (3) Puritimo Fino, a thick cigar, (4) Puritimo Extra, (5) Havana, (6) Havana, (7) Brevia Chica, (8) Concha Regalia, (9) Concha Especial, (10) Concha, (11) Reina Fina, (12) Petit Duc, (13) Opera and (14) Chiquito.

**POTATO MINIMUM.** California orange growers are the only people who have trouble with railroads. This is what a Kansas City packer says of the new minimum on potatoes. Dealers interested in potatoes, who have been at work on the matter of securing a reduction in the minimum weight on potatoes, are disappointed from the present bid of 30,000 pounds, have about concluded that there is little chance of securing any concessions from the railroads, and a direct request for such change. The enforcement of the 30,000 pound limit in the Colorado districts just lately leads the dealers to believe that the railroads are thoroughly determined to maintain the higher minimum in spite of protests. Joseph Weston, one of the committee having the matter in charge, says about the only way a reduction can be secured now is for some shipper who takes more as a direct request, loading a car to the 30,000-pound limit to bring proceedings in court against the railroad company hauling the car and by making a direct request for the railroad to pay damages and thus establish a precedent. Dealers believe there would be no doubt that a judgment in a court against a railroad company in a case of this kind. If the railroads were made to see that the 30,000 pound minimum was actually a serious detriment to the trade some relief might be forthcoming.

**LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.**  
**LOS ANGELES MARKETS.**  
Los Angeles, Nov. 30, 1899.  
Thanksgiving day closed nearly all the business houses all day long. A few produce men kept open for an hour or so.  
Prices were not affected by what was done.  
Turkeys cleaned up closely on Wednesday evening, leaving few dressed birds in dealers' hands.  
The cold nights are affecting green vegetables and berries. Green peas and beans are all scarce. So are cucumbers, tomatoes and egg plant. Prices are very high. Berries are higher than they usually go here at any time of the year.

**Provisions.**  
**BACON.**—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 12; fancy wrapped, 13; plain wrapped, 13; light medium, 13; medium, 13; dark, 13; Winchester, 12 1/2; 4 lb. tin, 13; 5 lb. tin, 13; 10 lb. tin, 13; 15 lb. tin, 13; 20 lb. tin, 13; 25 lb. tin, 13; 30 lb. tin, 13; 35 lb. tin, 13; 40 lb. tin, 13; 45 lb. tin, 13; 50 lb. tin, 13; 55 lb. tin, 13; 60 lb. tin, 13; 65 lb. tin, 13; 70 lb. tin, 13; 75 lb. tin, 13; 80 lb. tin, 13; 85 lb. tin, 13; 90 lb. tin, 13; 95 lb. tin, 13; 100 lb. tin, 13; 105 lb. tin, 13; 110 lb. tin, 13; 115 lb. tin, 13; 120 lb. tin, 13; 125 lb. tin, 13; 130 lb. tin, 13; 135 lb. tin, 13; 140 lb. tin, 13; 145 lb. tin, 13; 150 lb. tin, 13; 155 lb. tin, 13; 160 lb. tin, 13; 165 lb. tin, 13; 170 lb. tin, 13; 175 lb. tin, 13; 180 lb. tin, 13; 185 lb. tin, 13; 190 lb. tin, 13; 195 lb. tin, 13; 200 lb. tin, 13; 205 lb. tin, 13; 210 lb. tin, 13; 215 lb. tin, 13; 220 lb. tin, 13; 225 lb. tin, 13; 230 lb. tin, 13; 235 lb. tin, 13; 240 lb. tin, 13; 245 lb. tin, 13; 250 lb. tin, 13; 255 lb. tin, 13; 260 lb. tin, 13; 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1705 lb. tin, 13; 1710 lb. tin, 13; 1715 lb. tin, 13; 1720 lb. tin, 13; 1725 lb. tin, 13; 1730 lb. tin, 13; 1735 lb. tin, 13; 1740 lb. tin, 13; 1745 lb. tin, 13; 1750 lb. tin, 13; 1755 lb. tin, 13; 1760 lb. tin, 13; 1765 lb. tin, 13; 1770 lb. tin, 13; 1775 lb. tin, 13; 1780 lb. tin, 13; 1785 lb. tin, 13; 1790 lb. tin, 13; 1795 lb. tin, 13; 1800 lb. tin, 13; 1805 lb. tin, 13; 1810 lb. tin, 13; 1815 lb. tin, 13; 1820 lb. tin, 13; 1825 lb. tin, 13; 1830 lb. tin, 13; 1835 lb. tin, 13; 1840 lb. tin, 13; 1845 lb. tin, 13; 1850 lb. tin, 13; 1855 lb. tin, 13; 1860 lb. tin, 13; 1865 lb. tin, 13; 1870 lb. tin, 13; 1875 lb. tin, 13; 1880 lb. tin, 13; 1885 lb. tin, 13; 1890 lb. tin, 13; 1895 lb. tin, 13; 1900 lb. tin, 13; 1905 lb. tin, 13; 1910 lb. tin, 13; 1915 lb. tin, 13; 1920 lb. tin, 13; 1925 lb. tin, 13; 1930 lb. tin, 13; 1935 lb. tin, 13; 1940 lb. tin, 13; 1945 lb. tin, 13; 1950 lb. tin, 13; 1955 lb. tin, 13; 1960 lb. tin, 13; 1965 lb. tin, 13; 1970 lb. tin, 13; 1975 lb. tin, 13; 1980 lb. tin, 13; 1985 lb. tin, 13; 1990 lb. tin, 13; 1995 lb. tin, 13; 2000 lb. tin, 13; 2005 lb. tin, 13; 2010 lb. tin, 13; 2015 lb. tin, 13; 2020 lb. tin, 13; 2025 lb. tin, 13; 2030 lb. tin, 13; 2035 lb. tin, 13; 2040 lb. tin, 13; 2045 lb. tin, 13; 2050 lb. tin, 13; 2055 lb. tin, 13; 2060 lb. tin, 13; 2065 lb. tin, 13; 2070 lb. tin, 13; 2075 lb. tin, 13; 2080 lb. tin, 13; 2085 lb. tin, 13; 2090 lb. tin, 13; 2095 lb. tin, 13; 2100 lb. tin, 13; 2105 lb. tin, 13; 2110 lb. tin, 13; 2115 lb. tin, 13; 2120 lb. tin, 13; 2125 lb. tin, 13; 2130 lb. tin, 13; 2135 lb. tin, 13; 2140 lb. tin, 13; 2145 lb. tin, 13; 2150 lb. tin, 13; 2155 lb. tin, 13; 2160 lb. tin, 13; 2165 lb. tin, 13; 2170 lb. tin, 13; 2175 lb. tin, 13; 2180 lb. tin, 13; 2185 lb. tin, 13; 2190 lb. tin, 13; 2195 lb. tin, 13; 2200 lb. tin, 13; 2205 lb. tin, 13; 2210 lb. tin, 13; 2215 lb. tin, 13; 2220 lb. tin, 13; 2225 lb. tin, 13; 2230 lb. tin, 13; 2235 lb. tin, 13; 2240 lb. tin, 13; 2245 lb. tin, 13; 2250 lb. tin, 13; 2255 lb. tin, 13; 2260 lb. tin, 13; 2265 lb. tin, 13; 2270 lb. tin, 13; 2275 lb. tin, 13; 2280 lb. tin, 13; 2285 lb. tin, 13; 2290 lb. tin, 13; 2295 lb. tin, 13; 2300 lb. tin, 13; 2305 lb. tin, 13; 2310 lb. tin, 13; 2315 lb. tin, 13; 2320 lb. tin, 13; 2325 lb. tin, 13; 2330 lb. tin, 13; 2335 lb. tin, 13; 2340 lb. tin, 13; 2345 lb. tin, 13; 2350 lb. tin, 13; 2355 lb. tin, 13; 2360 lb. tin, 13; 2365 lb. tin, 13; 2370 lb. tin, 13; 2375 lb. tin, 13; 2380 lb. tin, 13; 2385 lb. tin, 13; 2390 lb. tin, 13; 2395 lb. tin, 13; 2400 lb. tin, 13; 2405 lb. tin, 13; 2410 lb. tin, 13; 2415 lb. tin, 13; 2420 lb. tin, 13; 2425 lb. tin, 13; 2430 lb. tin, 13; 2435 lb. tin, 13; 2440 lb. tin, 13; 2445 lb. tin, 13; 2450 lb. tin, 13; 2455 lb. tin, 13; 2460 lb. tin, 13; 2465 lb. tin, 13; 2470 lb. tin, 13; 2475 lb. tin, 13; 2480 lb. tin, 13; 2485 lb. tin, 13; 2490 lb. tin, 13; 2495 lb. tin, 13; 2500 lb. tin, 13; 2505 lb. tin, 13; 2510 lb. tin, 13; 2515 lb. tin, 13; 2520 lb. tin, 13; 2525 lb. tin, 13; 2530 lb. tin, 13; 2535 lb. tin, 13; 2540 lb. tin, 13; 2545 lb. tin, 13; 2550 lb. tin, 13; 2555 lb. tin, 13; 2560 lb. tin, 13; 2565 lb. tin, 13; 2570 lb. tin, 13; 2575 lb. tin, 13; 2580 lb. tin, 13; 2585 lb. tin, 13; 2590 lb. tin, 13; 2595 lb. tin, 13; 2600 lb. tin, 13; 2605 lb. tin, 13; 2610 lb. tin, 13; 2615 lb. tin, 13; 2620 lb. tin, 13; 2625 lb. tin, 13; 2630 lb. tin, 13; 2635 lb. tin, 13; 2640 lb. tin, 13; 2645 lb. tin, 13; 2650 lb. tin, 13; 2655 lb. tin, 13; 2660 lb. tin, 13; 2665 lb. tin, 13; 2670 lb. tin, 13; 2675 lb. tin, 13; 2680 lb. tin, 13; 2685 lb. tin, 13; 2690 lb. tin, 13; 2695 lb. tin, 13; 2700 lb. tin, 13; 2705 lb. tin, 13; 2710 lb. tin, 13; 2715 lb. tin, 13; 2720 lb. tin, 13; 2725 lb. tin, 13; 2730 lb. tin, 13; 2735 lb. tin, 13; 2740 lb. tin, 13; 2745 lb. tin, 13; 2750 lb. tin, 13; 2755 lb. tin, 13; 2760 lb. tin, 13; 2765 lb. tin, 13; 2770 lb. tin, 13; 2775 lb. tin, 13; 2780 lb. tin, 13; 2785 lb. tin, 13; 2790 lb. tin, 13; 2795 lb. tin, 13; 2800 lb. tin, 13; 2805 lb. tin, 13; 2810 lb. tin, 13; 2815 lb. tin, 13; 2820 lb. tin, 13; 2825 lb. tin, 13; 2830 lb. tin, 13; 2835 lb. tin, 13; 2840 lb. tin, 13; 2845 lb. tin, 13; 2850 lb. tin, 13; 2855 lb. tin, 13; 2860 lb. tin, 13; 2865 lb. tin, 13; 2870 lb. tin, 13; 2875 lb. tin, 13; 2880 lb. tin, 13; 2885 lb. tin, 13; 2890 lb. tin, 13; 2895 lb. tin, 13; 2900 lb. tin, 13; 2905 lb. tin, 13; 2910 lb. tin, 13; 2915 lb. tin, 13; 2920 lb. tin, 13; 2925 lb. tin, 13; 2930 lb. tin, 13; 2935 lb. tin, 13; 2940 lb. tin, 13; 2945 lb. tin, 13; 2950 lb. tin, 13; 2955 lb. tin, 13; 2960 lb. tin, 13; 2965 lb. tin, 13; 2970 lb. tin, 13; 2975 lb. tin, 13; 2980 lb. tin, 13; 2985 lb. tin, 13; 2990 lb. tin, 13; 2995 lb. tin, 13; 3000 lb. tin, 13; 3005 lb. tin, 13; 3010 lb. tin, 13; 3015 lb. tin, 13; 3020 lb. tin, 13; 3025 lb. tin, 13; 3030 lb. tin, 13; 3035 lb. tin, 13; 3040 lb. tin, 13; 3045 lb. tin, 13; 3050 lb. tin, 13; 3055 lb. tin, 13; 3060 lb. tin, 13; 3065 lb. tin, 13; 3070 lb. tin, 13; 3075 lb. tin, 13; 3080 lb. tin, 13; 3085 lb. tin, 13; 3090 lb. tin, 13; 3095 lb. tin, 13; 3100 lb. tin, 13; 3105 lb. tin, 13; 3110 lb. tin, 13; 3115 lb. tin, 13; 3120 lb. tin, 13; 3125 lb. tin, 13; 3130 lb. tin, 13; 3135 lb. tin, 13; 3140 lb. tin, 13; 3145 lb. tin, 13; 3150 lb. tin, 13; 3155 lb. tin, 13; 3160 lb. tin, 13; 3165 lb. tin, 13; 3170 lb. tin, 13; 3175 lb. tin, 13; 3180 lb. tin, 13; 3185 lb. tin, 13; 3190 lb. tin, 13; 3195 lb. tin, 13; 3200 lb. tin, 13; 3205 lb. tin, 13; 3210 lb. tin, 13; 3215 lb. tin, 13; 3220 lb. tin, 13; 3225 lb. tin, 13; 3230 lb. tin, 13; 3235 lb. tin, 13; 3240 lb. tin, 13; 3245 lb. tin, 13; 3250 lb. tin, 13; 3255 lb. tin, 13; 3260 lb. tin, 13; 3265 lb. tin, 13; 3270 lb. tin, 13; 3275 lb. tin, 13; 3280 lb. tin, 13; 3285 lb. tin, 13; 3290 lb. tin, 13; 3295 lb. tin, 13; 3300 lb. tin, 13; 3305 lb. tin, 13; 3310 lb. tin, 13; 3315 lb. tin, 13; 3320 lb. tin, 13; 3325 lb. tin, 13; 3330 lb. tin, 13; 3335 lb. tin, 13; 3340 lb. tin, 13; 3345 lb. tin, 13; 3350 lb. tin, 13; 3355 lb. tin, 13; 3360 lb. tin, 13; 3365 lb. tin, 13; 3370 lb. tin, 13; 3375 lb. tin, 13; 3380 lb. tin, 13; 3385 lb. tin, 13; 3390 lb. tin, 13; 3395 lb. tin, 13; 3400 lb. tin, 13; 3405 lb. tin, 13; 3410 lb. tin, 13; 3415 lb. tin, 13; 3420 lb. tin, 13; 3425 lb. tin, 13; 3430 lb. tin, 13; 3435 lb. tin, 13; 3440 lb. tin, 13; 3445 lb. tin, 13; 3450 lb. tin, 13; 3455 lb. tin, 13; 3460 lb. tin, 13; 3465 lb. tin, 13; 3470 lb. tin, 13; 3475 lb. tin, 13; 3480 lb. tin, 13; 3485 lb. tin, 13; 3490 lb. tin, 13; 3495 lb. tin, 13; 3500 lb. tin, 13; 3505 lb. tin, 13; 3510 lb. tin, 13; 3515 lb. tin, 13; 3520 lb. tin, 13; 3525 lb. tin, 13; 3530 lb. tin, 13; 3535 lb. tin, 13; 3540 lb. tin, 13; 3545 lb. tin, 13; 3550 lb. tin, 13; 3555 lb. tin, 13; 3560 lb. tin, 13; 3565 lb. tin, 13; 3570 lb. tin, 13; 3575 lb. tin, 13; 3580 lb. tin, 13; 3585 lb. tin, 13; 3590 lb. tin, 13; 3595 lb. tin, 13; 3600 lb. tin, 13; 3605 lb. tin, 13; 3610 lb. tin, 13; 3615 lb. tin, 13; 3620 lb. tin, 13; 3625 lb. tin, 13; 3630 lb. tin, 13; 3635 lb. tin, 13; 3640 lb. tin, 13; 3645 lb. tin, 13; 3650 lb. tin, 13; 3655 lb. tin, 13; 3660 lb. tin, 13; 3665 lb. tin, 13; 3670 lb. tin, 13; 3675 lb. tin, 13; 3680 lb. tin, 13; 3685 lb. tin, 13; 3690 lb. tin, 13; 3695 lb. tin, 13; 3700 lb. tin, 13; 3705 lb. tin, 13; 3710 lb. tin, 13; 3715 lb. tin, 13; 3720 lb. tin, 13; 3725 lb. tin, 13; 3730 lb. tin, 13; 3735 lb. tin, 13; 3740 lb. tin, 13; 3745 lb. tin, 13; 3750 lb. tin, 13; 3755 lb. tin, 13; 3760 lb. tin, 13; 3765 lb. tin, 13; 3770 lb. tin, 13; 3775 lb. tin, 13; 3780 lb. tin, 13; 3785 lb. tin, 13; 3790 lb. tin, 13; 3795 lb. tin, 13; 3800 lb. tin, 13; 3805 lb. tin, 13; 3810 lb. tin, 13; 3815 lb. tin, 13; 3820 lb. tin, 13; 3825 lb. tin, 13; 3830 lb. tin, 13; 3835 lb. tin, 13; 3840 lb. tin, 13; 3845 lb. tin, 13; 3850 lb. tin, 13; 3855 lb. tin, 13; 3860 lb. tin, 13; 3865 lb. tin, 13; 3870 lb. tin, 13; 3875 lb. tin, 13; 3880 lb. tin, 13; 3885 lb. tin, 13; 3890 lb. tin, 13; 3895 lb. tin, 13; 3900 lb. tin, 13; 3905 lb. tin, 13; 3910 lb. tin, 13; 3915 lb. tin, 13; 3920 lb. tin, 13; 3925 lb. tin, 13; 3930 lb. tin, 13; 3935 lb. tin, 13; 3940 lb. tin, 13; 3945 lb. tin, 13; 3950 lb. tin, 13; 3955 lb. tin, 13; 3960 lb. tin, 13; 3965 lb. tin, 13; 3970 lb. tin, 13; 3975 lb. tin, 13; 3980 lb. tin, 13; 3985 lb. tin, 13; 3990 lb. tin, 13; 3995 lb. tin, 13; 4000 lb. tin, 13; 4005 lb. tin, 13; 4010 lb. tin, 13; 4015 lb. tin, 13; 4020 lb. tin, 13; 4025 lb. tin, 13; 4030 lb. tin, 13; 4035 lb. tin, 13; 4040 lb. tin, 13; 4045 lb. tin, 13; 4050 lb. tin, 13; 4055 lb. tin, 13; 4060 lb. tin, 13; 4065 lb. tin, 13; 4070 lb. tin, 13; 4075 lb. tin, 13; 4080 lb. tin, 13; 4085 lb. tin, 13; 4090 lb. tin, 13; 4095 lb. tin, 13; 4100 lb. tin, 13; 4105 lb. tin, 13; 4110 lb. tin, 13; 4115 lb. tin, 13; 4120 lb. tin, 13; 4125 lb. tin, 13; 4130 lb. tin, 13; 4135 lb. tin, 13; 4140 lb. tin, 13; 4145 lb. tin, 13; 4150 lb. tin, 13; 4155 lb. tin, 13; 4160 lb. tin, 13; 4165 lb. tin, 13; 4170 lb. tin, 13; 4175 lb. tin, 13; 4180 lb. tin, 13; 4185 lb. tin, 13; 4190 lb. tin, 13; 4195 lb. tin, 13; 4200 lb. tin, 13; 4205 lb. tin, 13; 4210 lb. tin, 13; 4215 lb. tin, 13; 4220 lb. tin, 13; 4225 lb. tin, 13; 4230 lb. tin, 13; 4235 lb. tin, 13; 4240 lb. tin, 13; 4245 lb. tin, 13







## City Briefs.

The regular readers of The Times are offered a beautiful and valuable book containing a collection of one hundred of the best cartoons selected from those which have appeared in The Times during the last two years. The conditions upon which this handsome book will be given free are that subscribers pay for the Daily and Sunday Times one year in advance. The book is handsomely bound, and printed on specially-prepared heavy paper, and will be a valuable and ornamental addition to any family library.

Our closing-out sale is a grand success. Thronged of happy faces leave our store with their purchases of the finest millinery and most stylish headgear, which good taste could select, and at such ridiculous low prices that everybody can afford them. So avail yourself of the opportunity while they last, at Mrs. D. G. G. 121 S. Spring street.

Having used up the three hundred head of turkeys from our farm, up north, and while waiting for the shipment to arrive for Saturday and Sunday, we will serve today, roast young chicken with dressing and cranberry sauce, potatoes and hot butter biscuits, all for 25c, served to perfection at the Royal Restaurant, 118 S. Spring street.

By subscribing for The Times one month at the regular rate of 75 cents per month, you can get an elegant medalion for the small additional charge of 45 to 50 cents, according to style and size. Retail at \$1. Call at The Times Business Office and see different styles, and bring photos of the children.

The Times business office is open all night, and later, with notices, etc., will be received up to 1:30 a.m. Small display announcements may be sent in up to that hour, but large display ads cannot be attractively set if brought in later than 8:30 p.m. Telephone main 29.

The Times job office has removed temporarily, while the new building is being erected, to basement of The Times Building.

All kinds plain machine composition at 30 cents per thousand and standard measure, at The Times job office.

Annual opening Christmas novelties today at Mrs. Patterson's studio, 341 1/2 S. Spring St.

Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1. \$1.75 per doz. Sunbeam, 236 S. Main st.

Furs remodeled, D. Bonoff, 247 S. Bdy.

The Druids' Association gave a ball last night at Turnverein Hall. Arend's Orchestra furnished the music.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Mrs. John Wilde, Miss Mary Duncan, L. C. More, Mrs. J. M. Johnson, and J. F. Mann, Jr. L. C. Buck, Sadia Bender.

Chief Glass received by telephone on Wednesday, a description of a man wanted in San Bernardino county on a charge of robbery. Officer Dittew found the man in Chinatown yesterday, and he will be sent to San Bernardino today.

The regular Sabbath services at the B'nai B'rith temple, corner Ninth and Hope streets, will be augmented this evening by the introduction of the features connected with the annual festival of dedication. Dr. F. Hecht will begin at 8 o'clock, and deliver a discourse on "Zionist or Maccabee."

The Manhattan Athletic Club gave a banquet and ball to its members last night, and a large crowd was entertained. An immense table was placed in the ballroom, and everybody shared in the good cheer. The menu consisted of suckling pig and sweet potatoes, turkey and cranberry sauce, salads, celery and wines. After the supper, the members participated in a prize ball.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 1899.

Robert L. Masters and Ida May Masters to C. J. Walker and Carrie J. Walker, lots 17 to 22, block 1, Long Beach, \$500.

Terrill, J. Thomas and Nettie A. Thomas to Sylvia L. Powers, lots 4 and 5, Kellam's subdivision, \$100.

Evan Williams and Dora Williams to Alfred Hutchins, part lot 27 and all of lot 28, E. H. Workman tract, \$100.

Will D. Gould, Mary L. Gould, Isabella B. Huber, C. B. Jones, Eliza A. Jander and Alexander J. McCallan, by Ward Chapman, commissioner, to German Savings and Loan Society, part blocks 11 and 12, block 12, lot 12, block 12, block 12, Bellevue Terrace tract, \$12,575.89.

Thomas P. Moore and Annie M. Moore to Elicia M. Manier and John A. Naugle, part lot 6 and 7, block 8, Santa Anita tract, \$200.

George W. Stinson and Jennie W. Stinson to Kate S. Mills, lot 24, Victoria tract, \$500.

H. V. Hoffman and Louise B. Hoffman to Frank T. Singer and Henrietta Singer, lot 20, block 6, West Los Angeles tract, \$100.

Alexander McDowell to N. P. Campbell, lot 1, block 4, Washington tract, \$100.

S. P. Campbell and Catherine McDowell to May Frances Clayton, same, \$1.

A. L. Clayton and Mrs. May Frances Clayton to Los Angeles Investment and Trust Company, same, \$99.

Peter J. Brannen and Bella Brannen to Jean Wagner and Susette Wagner, lots 60, 61 and 62, P. J. Brannen tract, \$100.

Ramon Vigar to Ella Deakers, Annie Deakers and Rosalind Deakers, part of lot 20, Deakers and J. Murat, \$100.

William Budge and Angeline J. Budge to county of Los Angeles, strip sixty feet wide, being an extension of Hollister avenue, Breaux & Singhaugh tracts, \$100.

John F. Bowen and Julia A. Bowen to Emma M. McComas, blocks A and D and streets adjacent, O. F. Giffin's subdivision, \$100.

O. F. Sweeney, formerly Grinda Feathers, to Mrs. Nettie Menendez, lots 11 and 12, block 1, Lewis's subdivision, \$20.

Herman M. Johnson to A. Patton, lots 1 to 4, Valley Vista tract, \$100.

William G. Gosselin and Martha Gosselin to United States of America, sec. 12, 2 N. 21.

J. A. Crawford and Lily Crawford to Thomas Jordan, lot 16, block 1, East tract, \$25.75.

Estate of John Farrell, deceased, order confirming sale to Sabina F. Browning, part lot 4, Duane tract, \$100.

Charles Schatte and Rosa Schatte to Robert Lee Mead, undivided one-half of lot 1, block Y, Alto tract, \$150.

E. H. Crippen vs Jacob Swigart, administrator of estate of J. B. Niles, deceased, and individual, decree quieting title in plaintiff, part sec. 16, 2 S. 12.

Estate of J. S. Thayer, deceased, decree of distribution to Jay J. Scheffelin, lot 4, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 2, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 3, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 4, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 5, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 6, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 7, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 8, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 9, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 10, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 11, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 12, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 13, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 14, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 15, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 16, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 17, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. Patton, lot 18, block 1, Thayer tract, to John S. 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